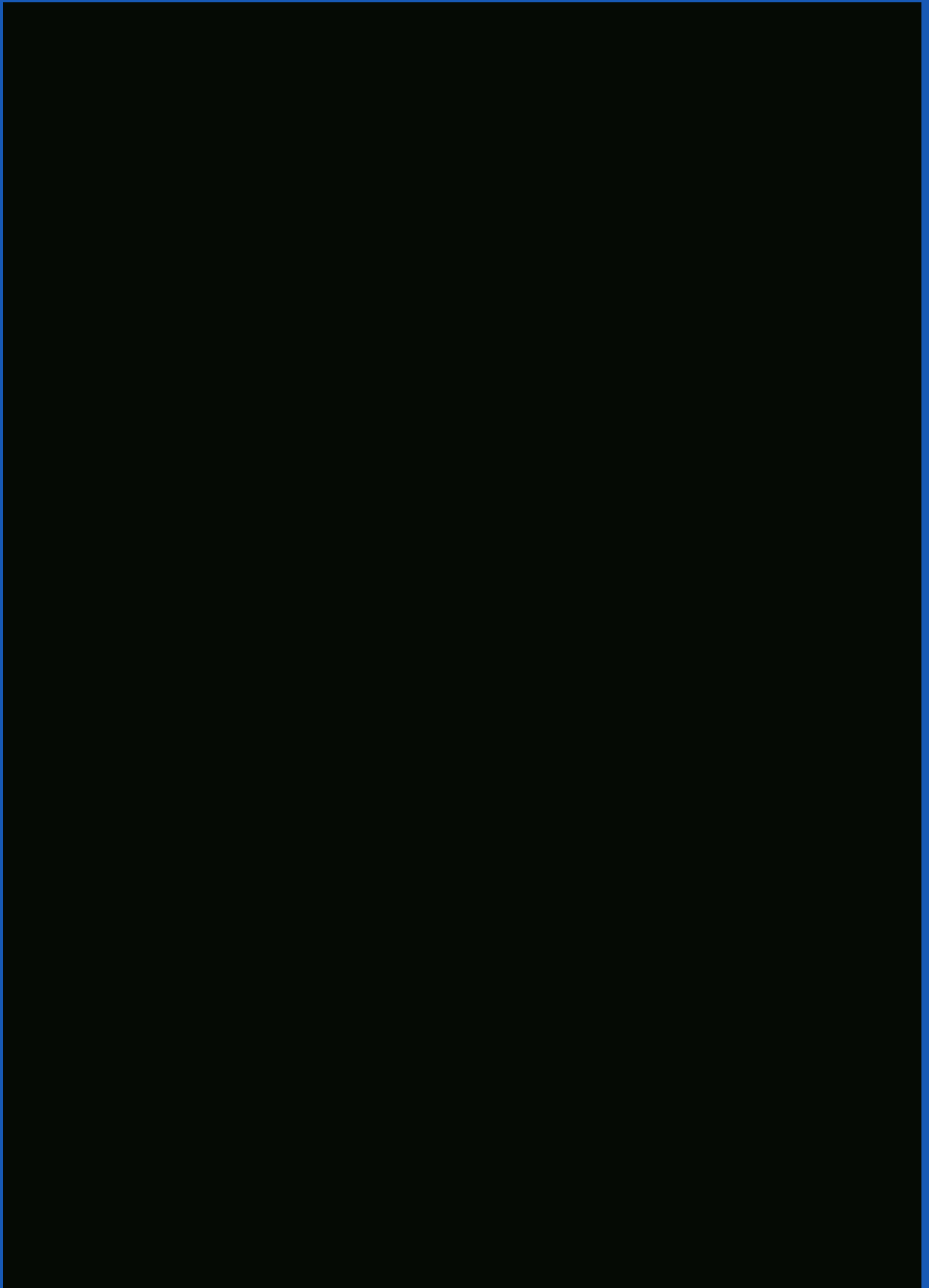
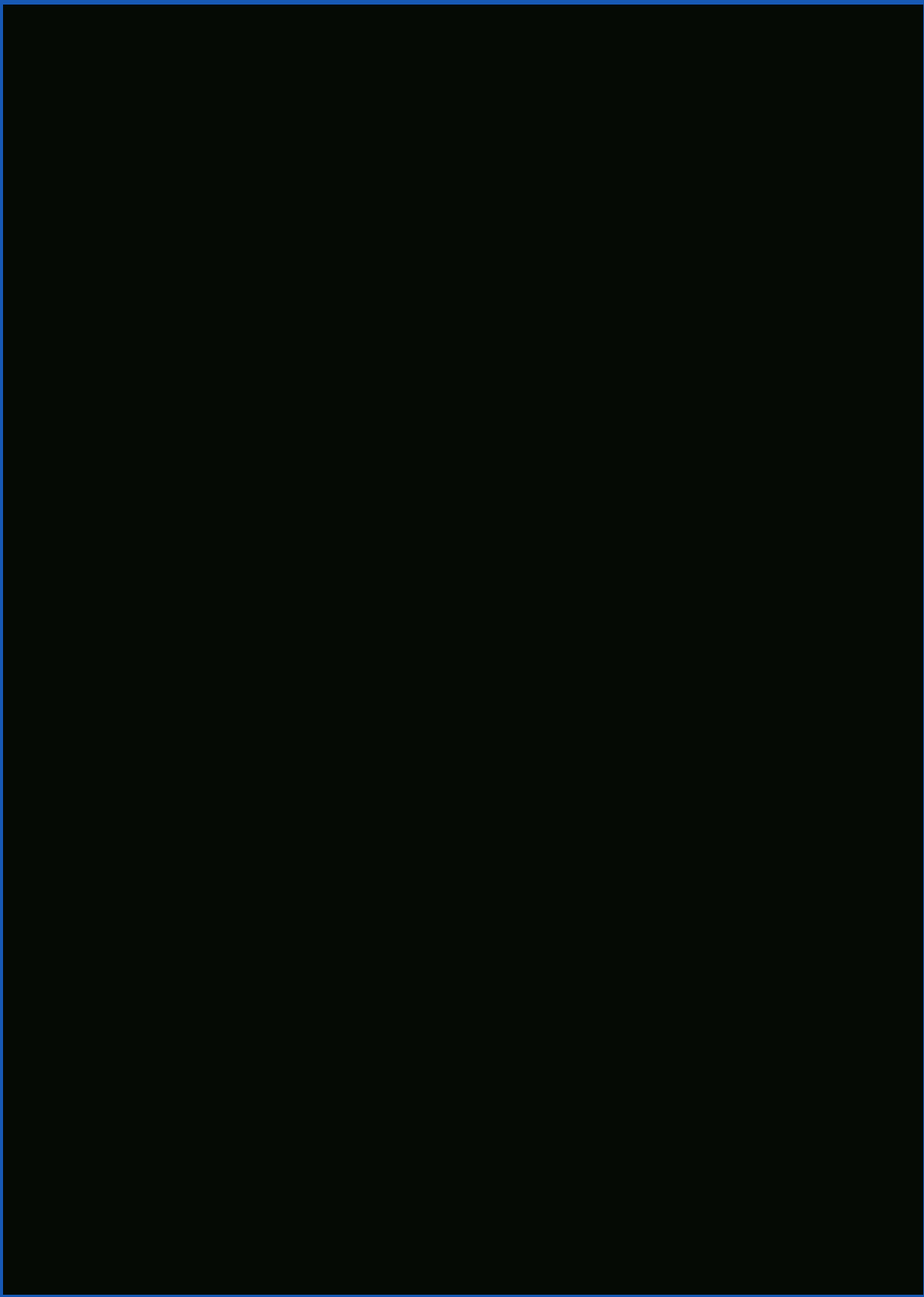
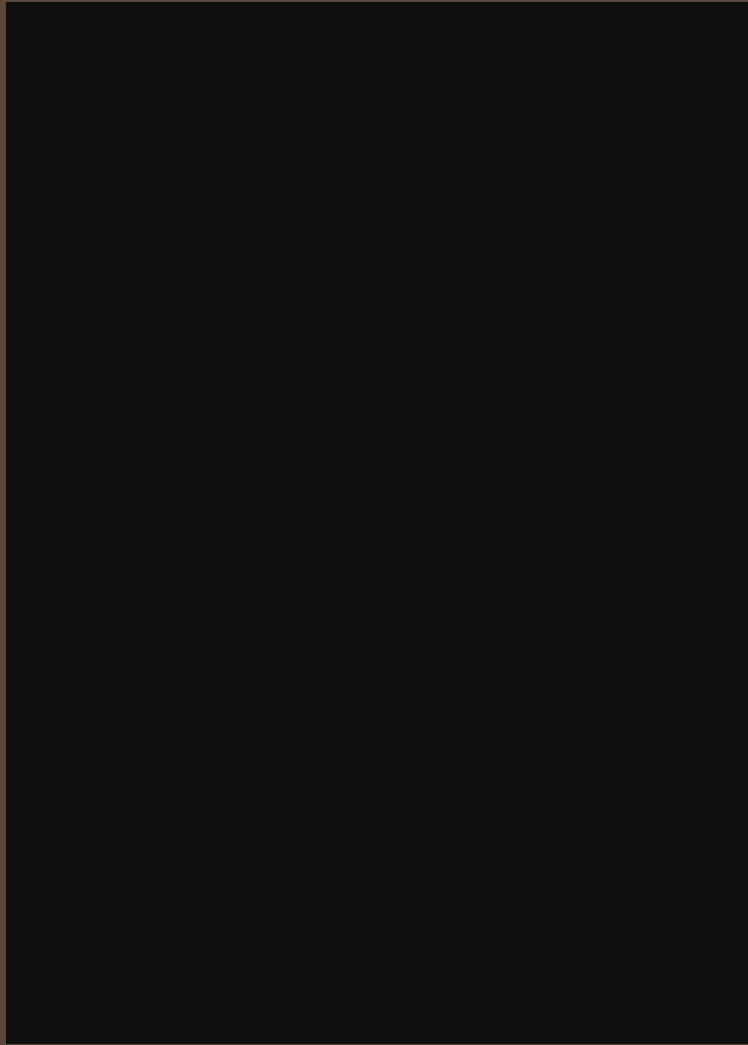


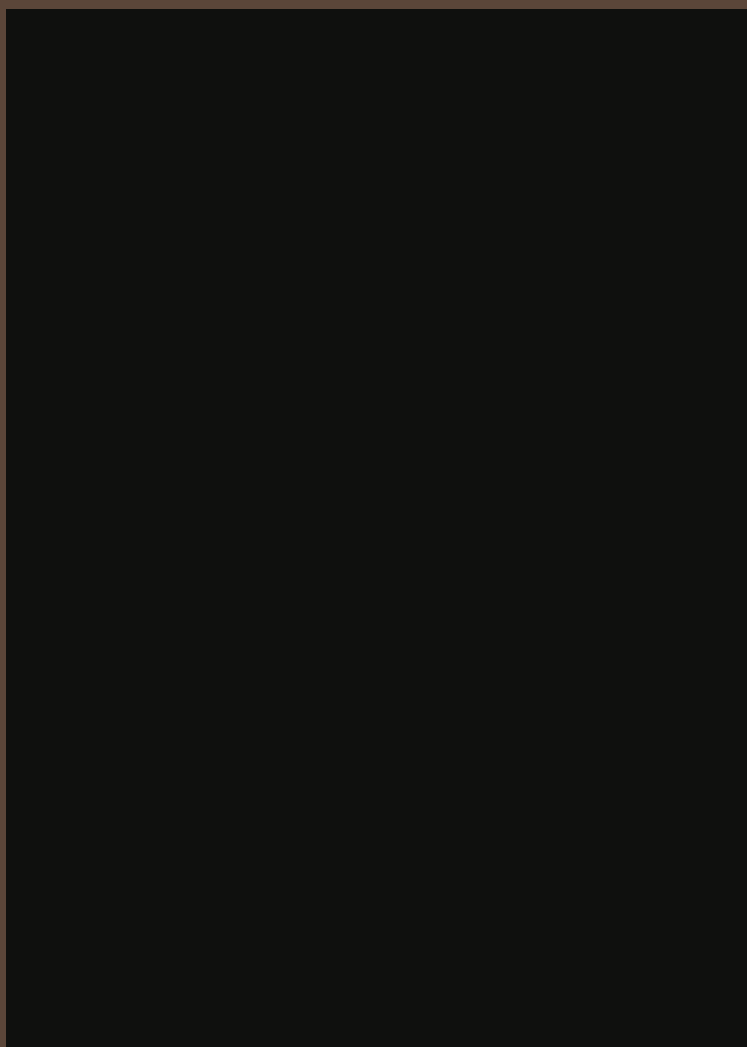
# Tschichold in Colour

July the 21st, 2016 — Vasilis van Gemert









the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 13.5 million (19.5% of the population).

There are a number of reasons for the increase in the number of people aged 65 and over. One of the main reasons is the increase in life expectancy. In 1990, the average life expectancy at birth was 74.5 years for men and 78.5 years for women. By 2000, this had increased to 76.5 years for men and 80.5 years for women (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

Another reason for the increase in the number of people aged 65 and over is the increase in the number of people who are surviving into old age. In 1990, 10.5 million people were aged 65 and over. By 2000, this number had increased to 13.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has a number of implications for society. One of the main implications is the increase in the number of people who are dependent on others for care. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were dependent on others for care. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living alone. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living alone. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in care homes. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in care homes. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in private care. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in private care. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in public care. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in public care. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in residential care. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in residential care. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in nursing homes. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in nursing homes. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in care homes for the elderly. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in care homes for the elderly. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in care homes for the disabled. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in care homes for the disabled. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).

The increase in the number of people aged 65 and over has also led to an increase in the number of people who are living in care homes for the mentally ill. In 1990, 1.5 million people aged 65 and over were living in care homes for the mentally ill. By 2000, this number had increased to 2.5 million (Office for National Statistics, 2001).







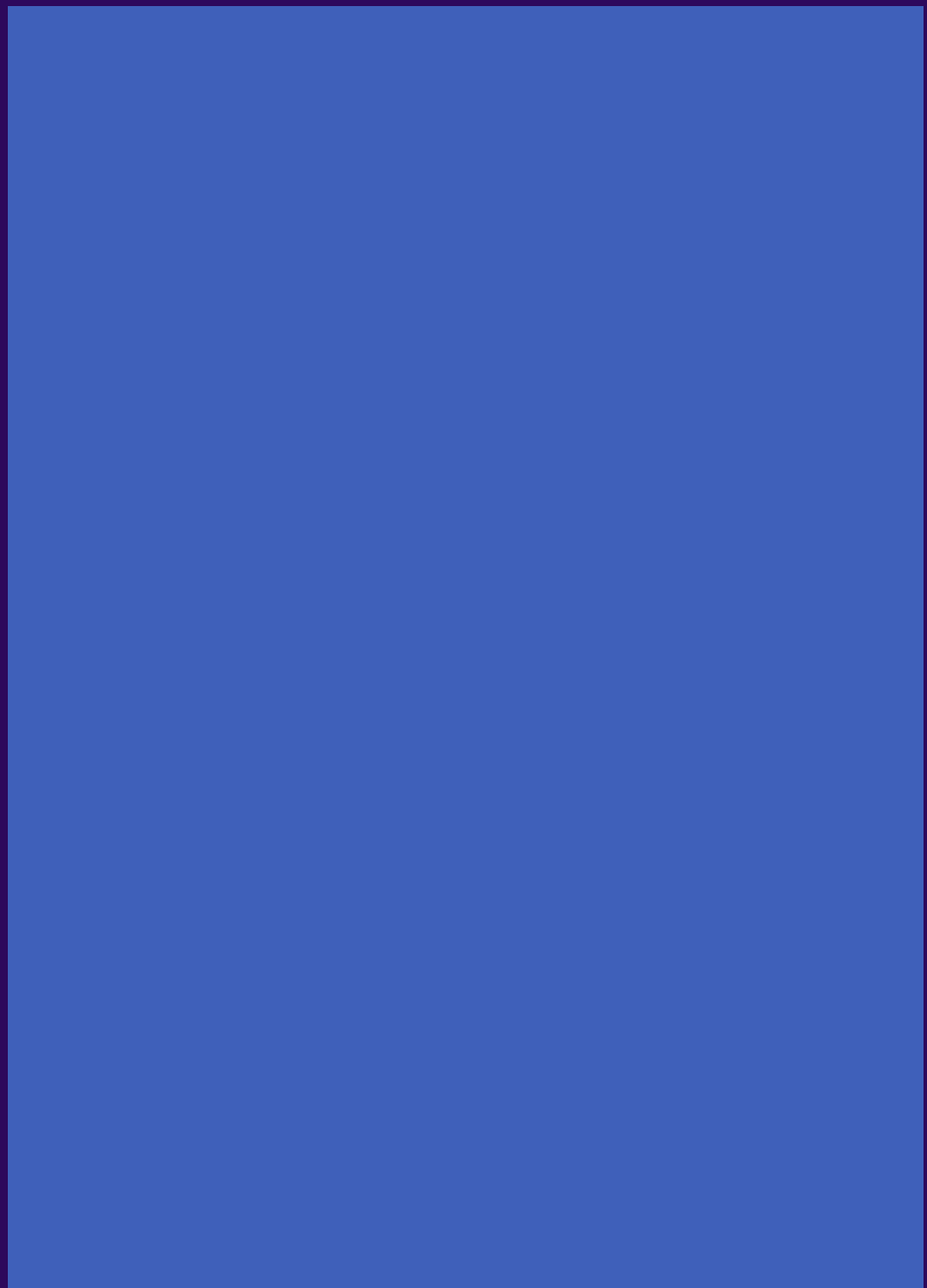




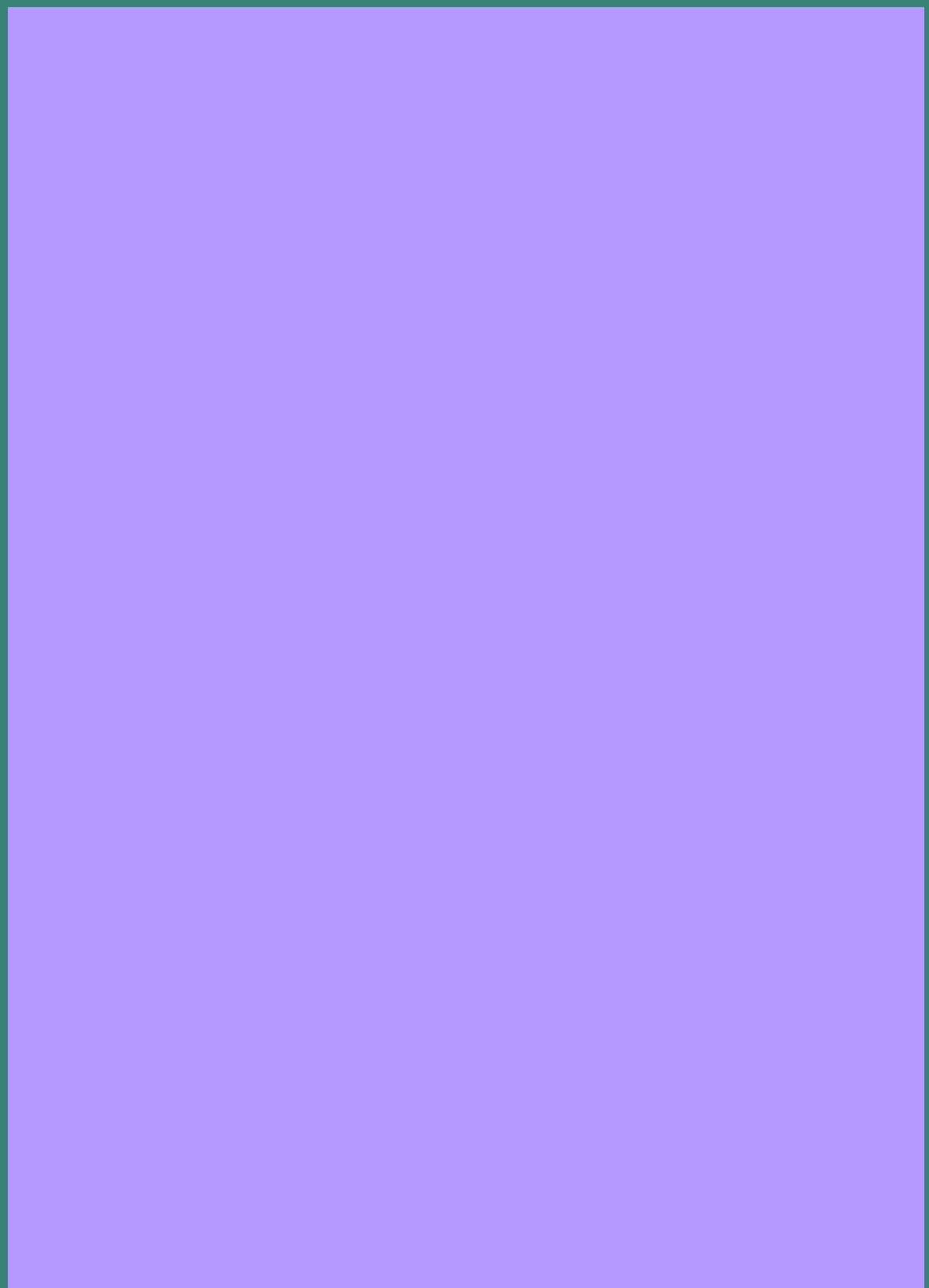














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The *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis* (JABA) is a peer-reviewed journal that publishes research on the application of behavior analysis to various areas of human behavior. It is published by the Society for Applied Behavior Analysis (SABA).

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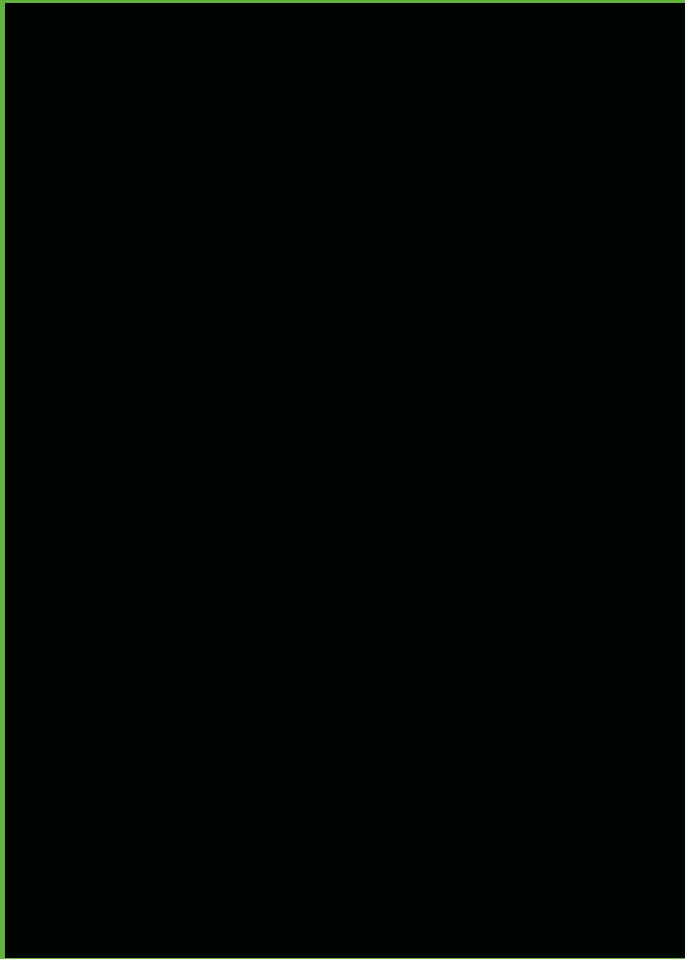


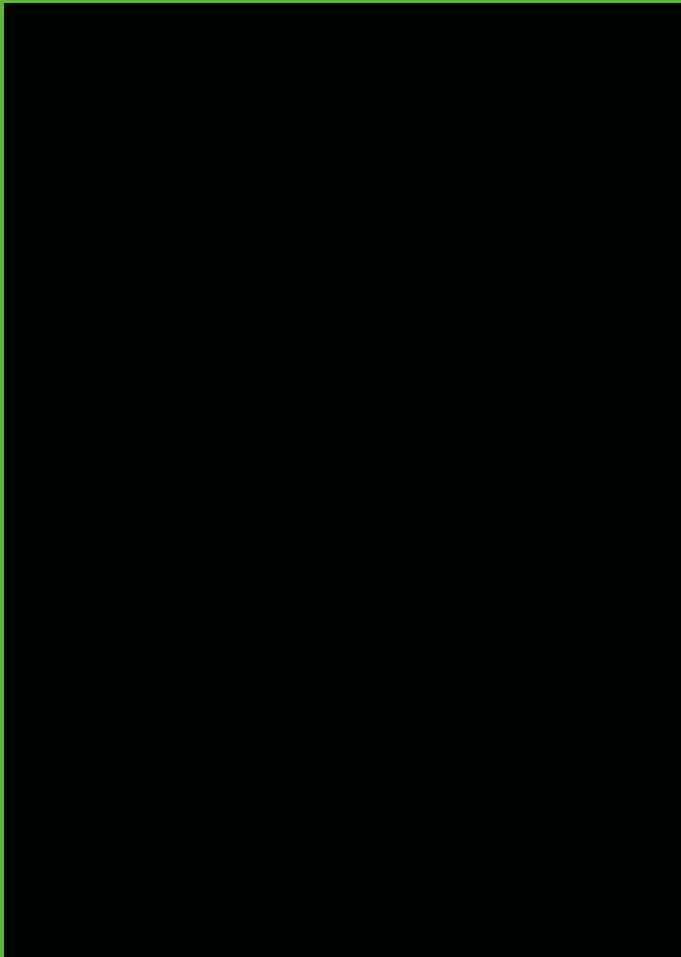












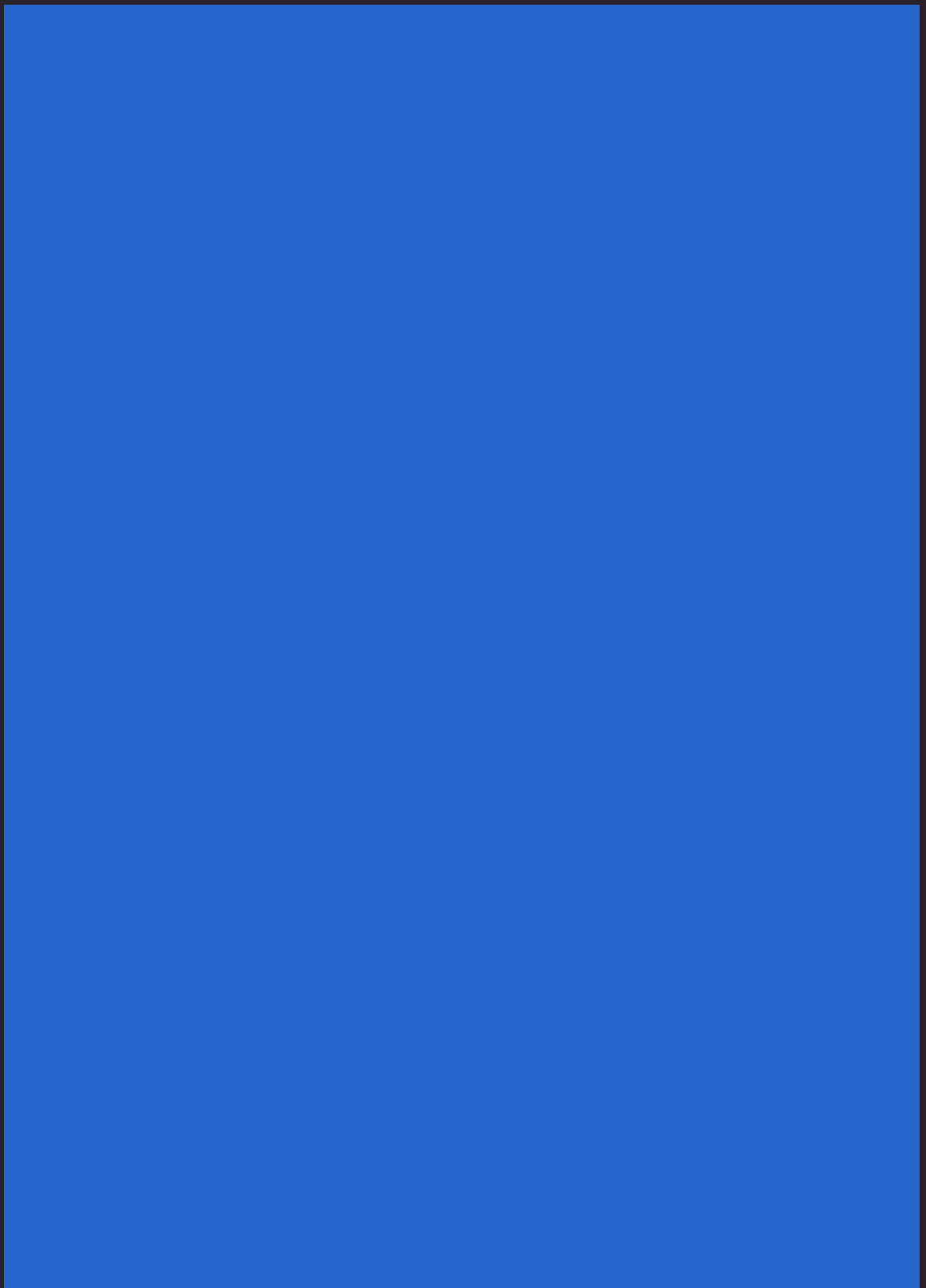




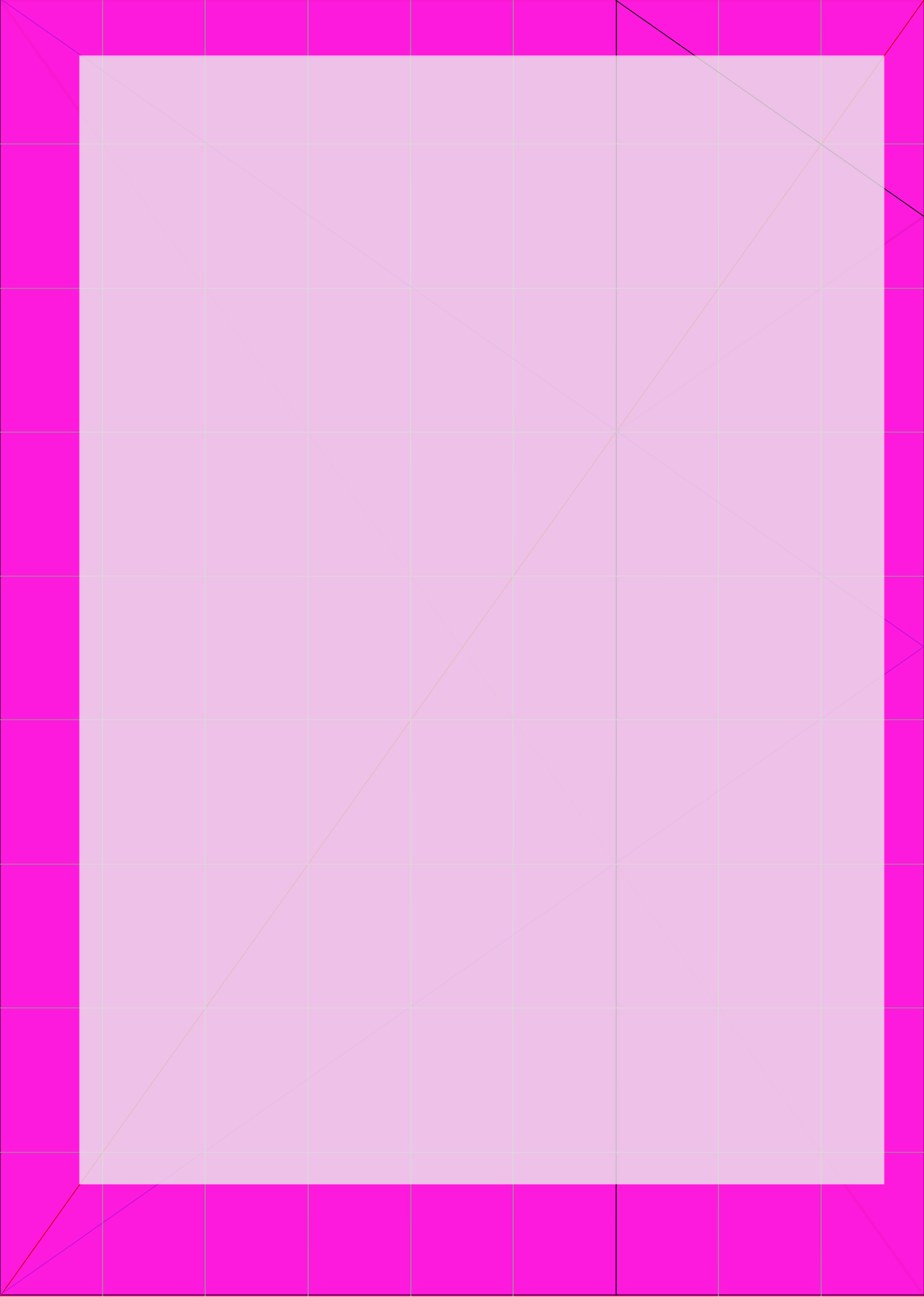






















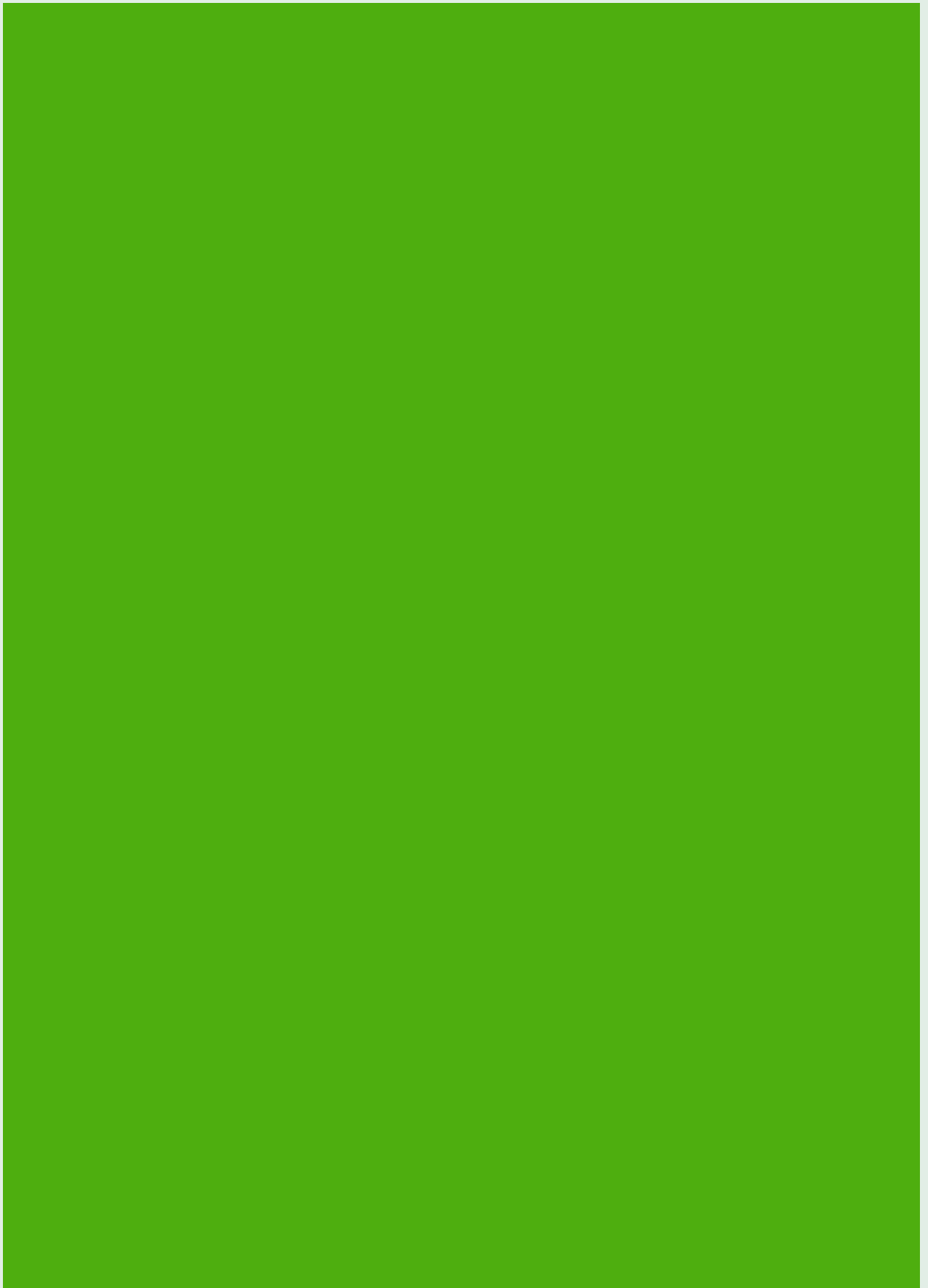




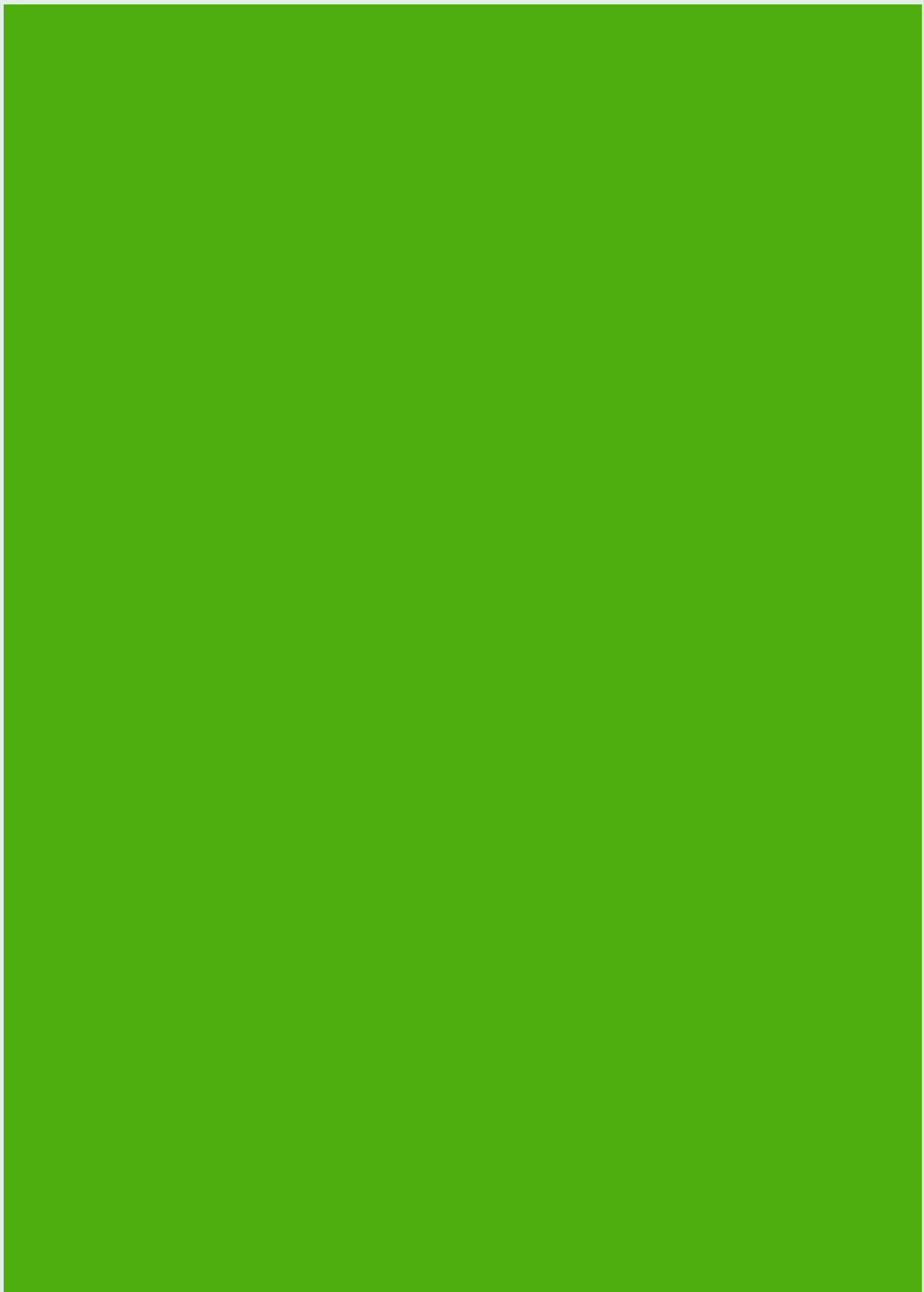


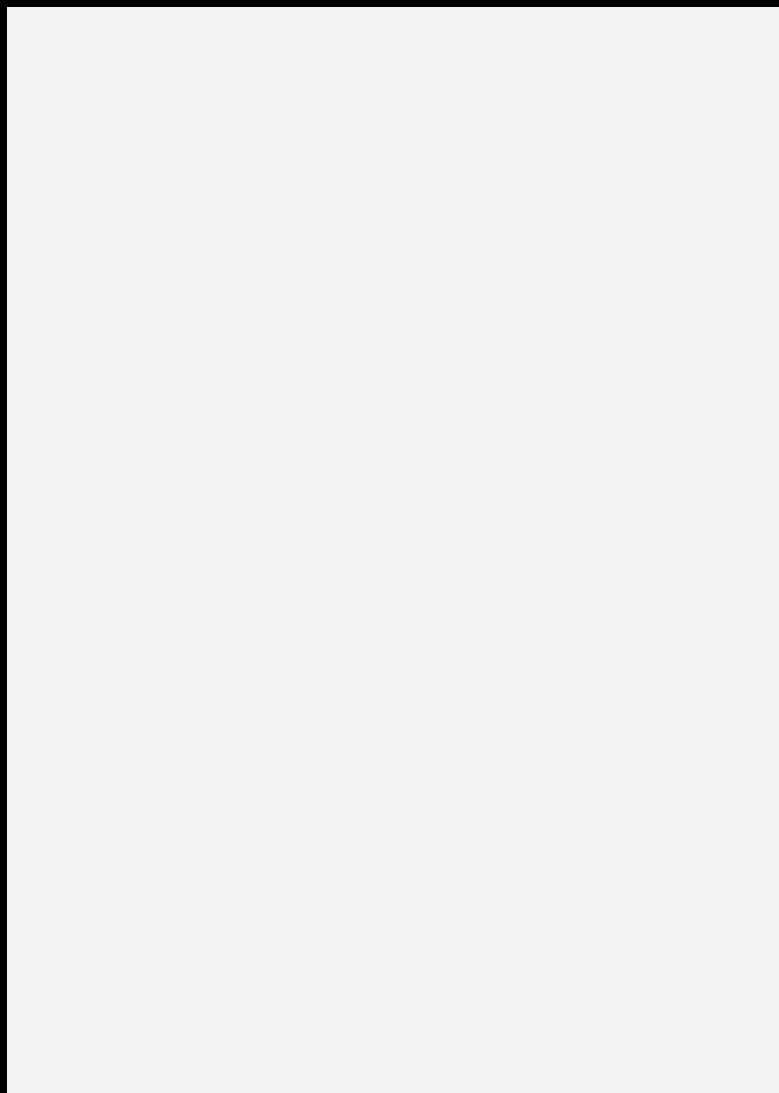


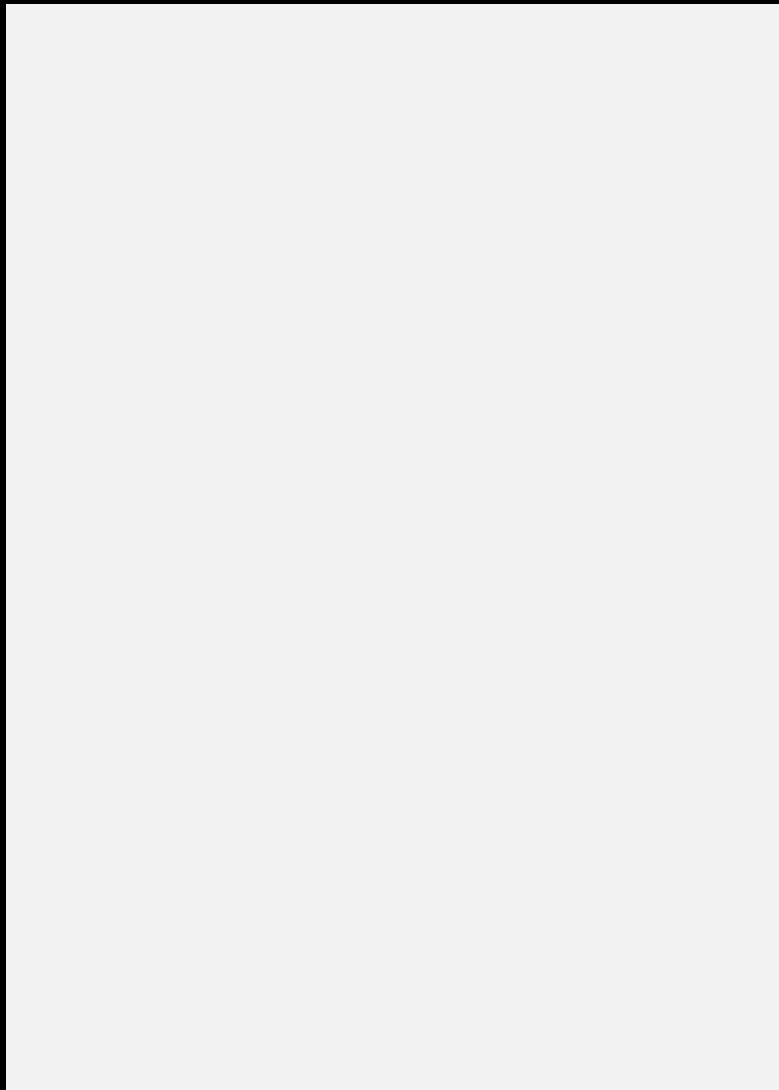






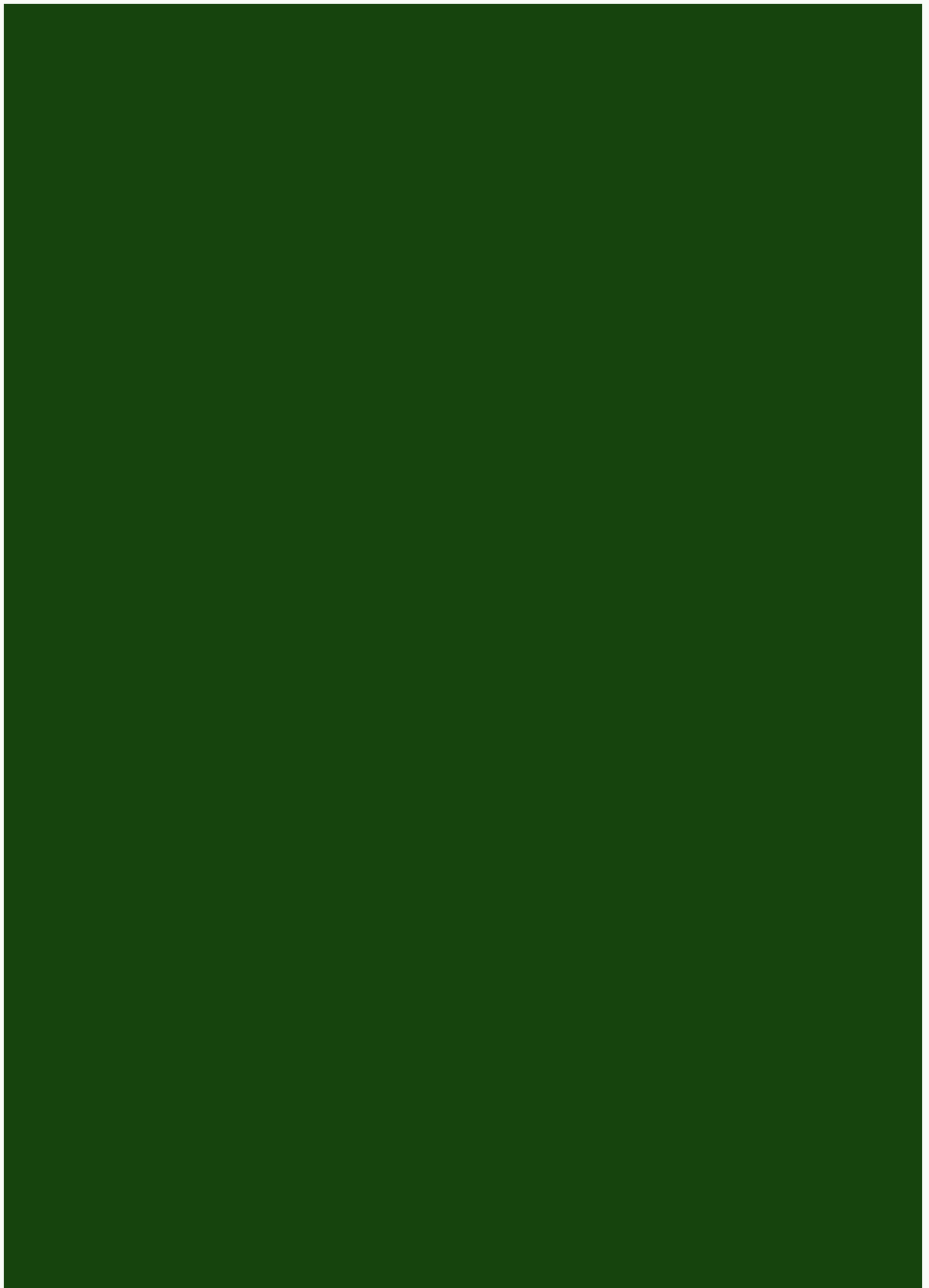














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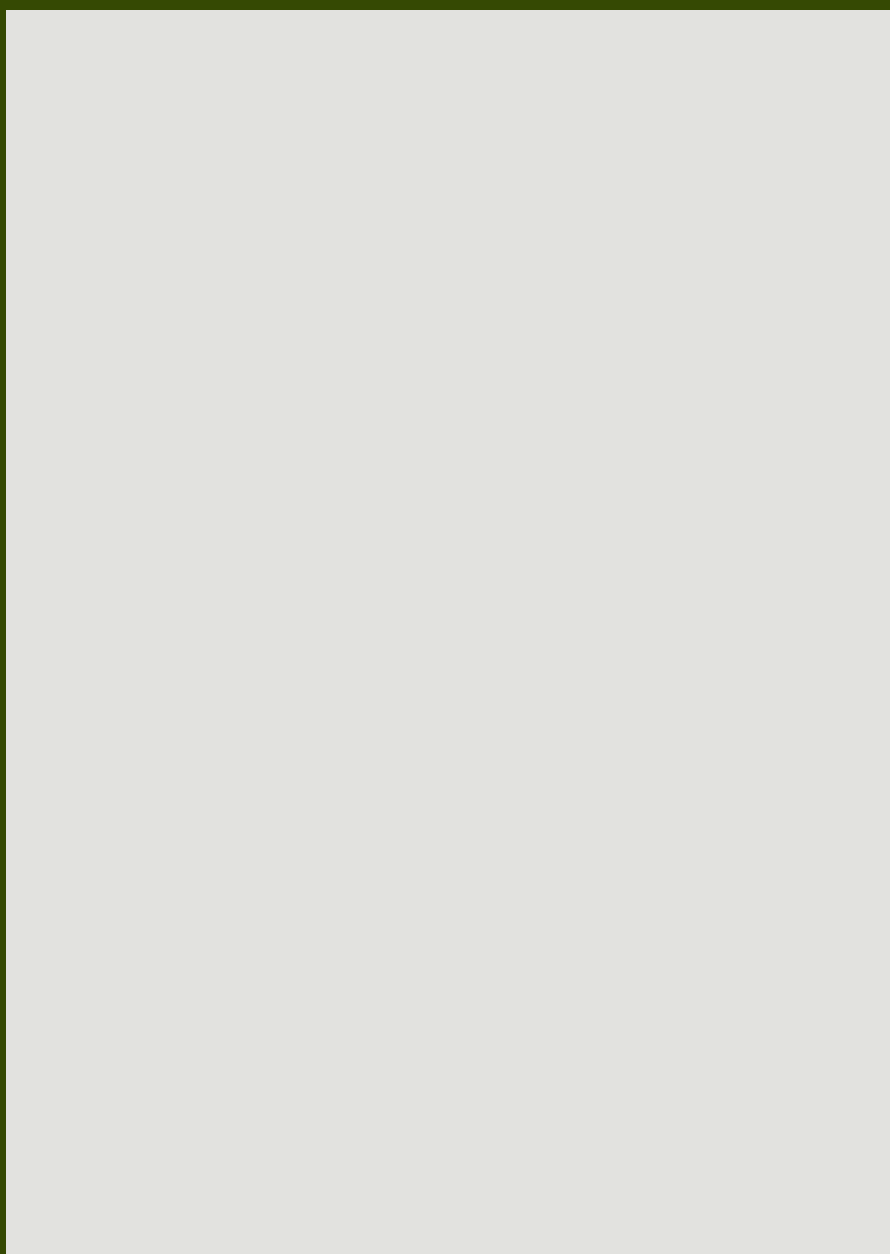
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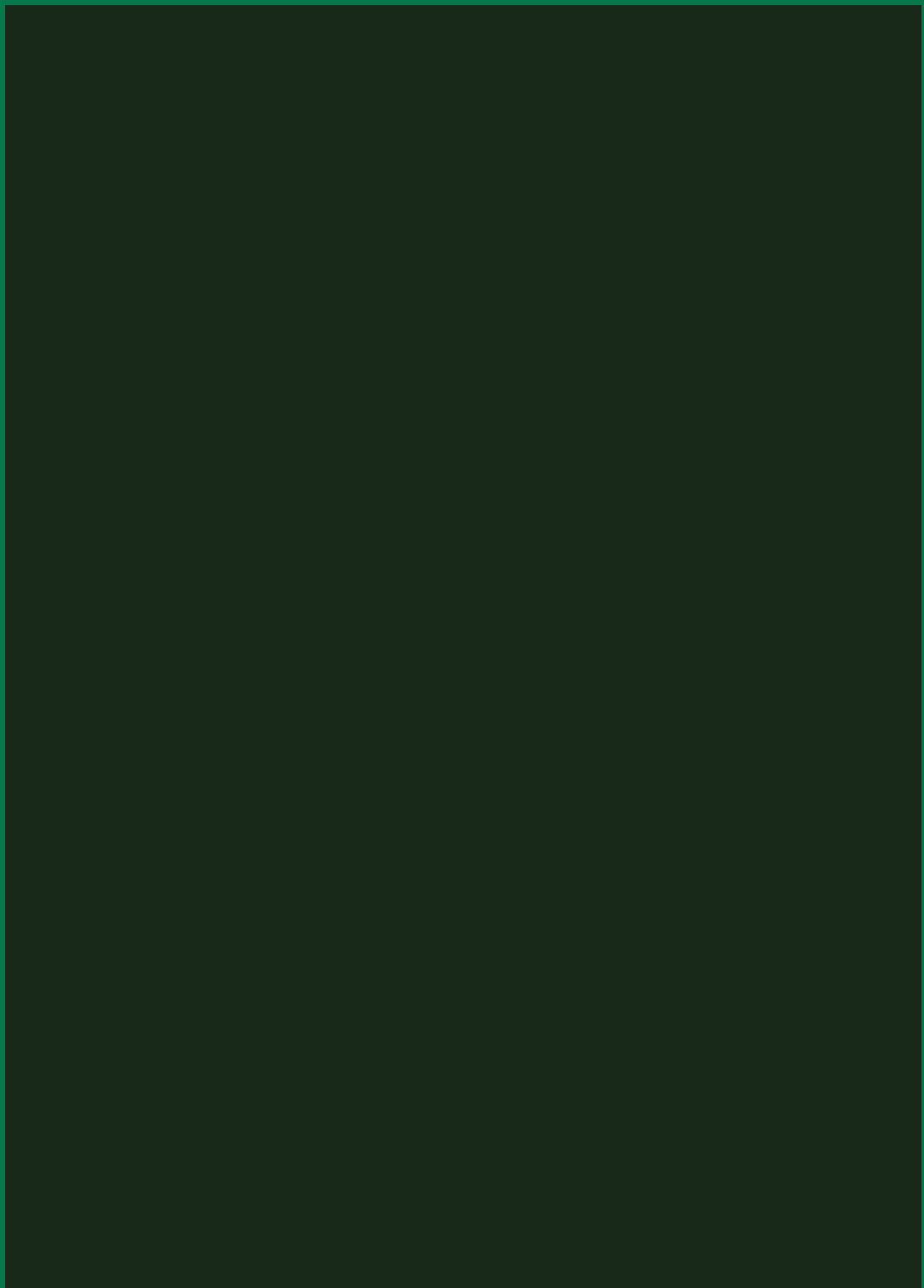
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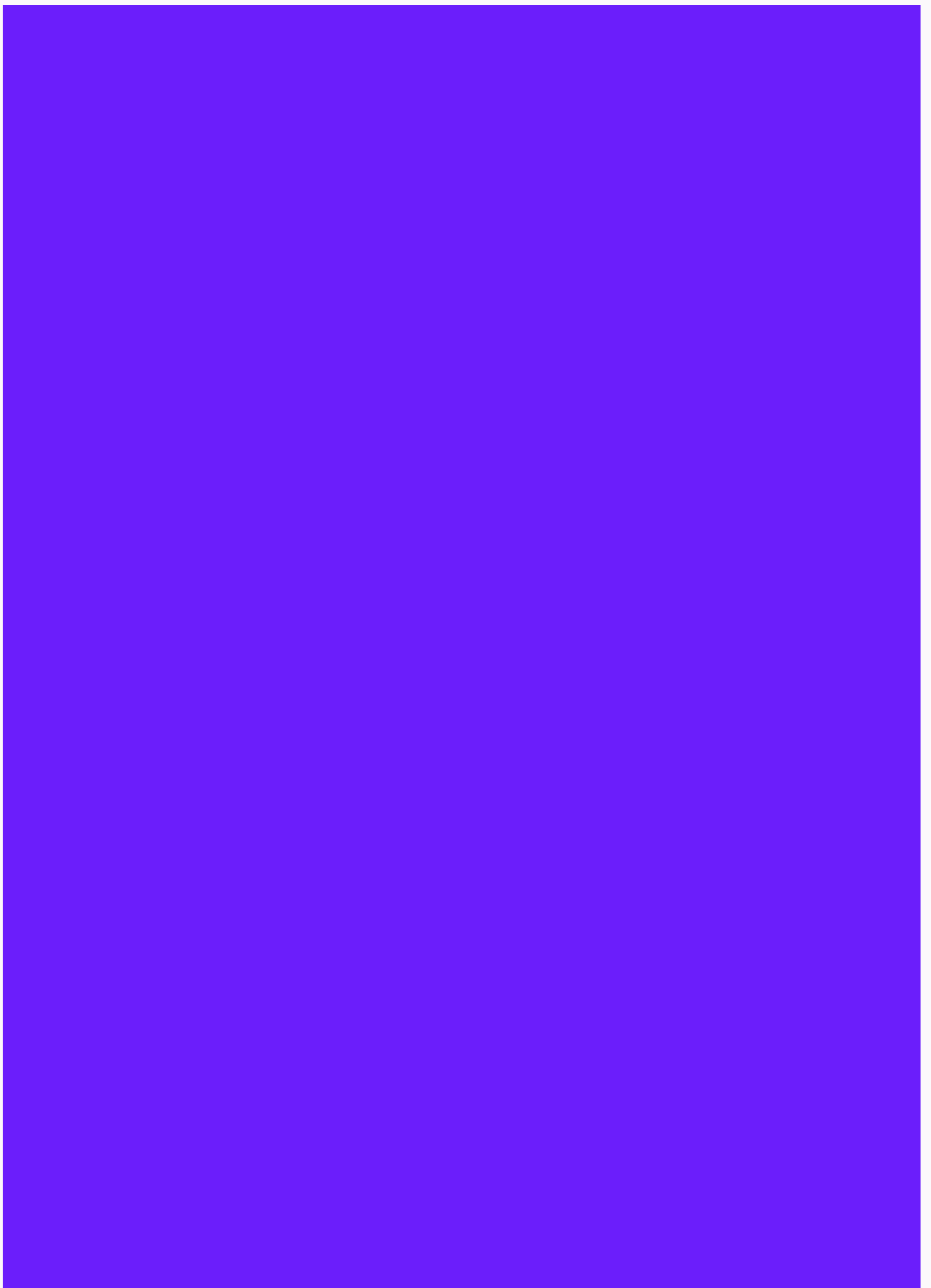


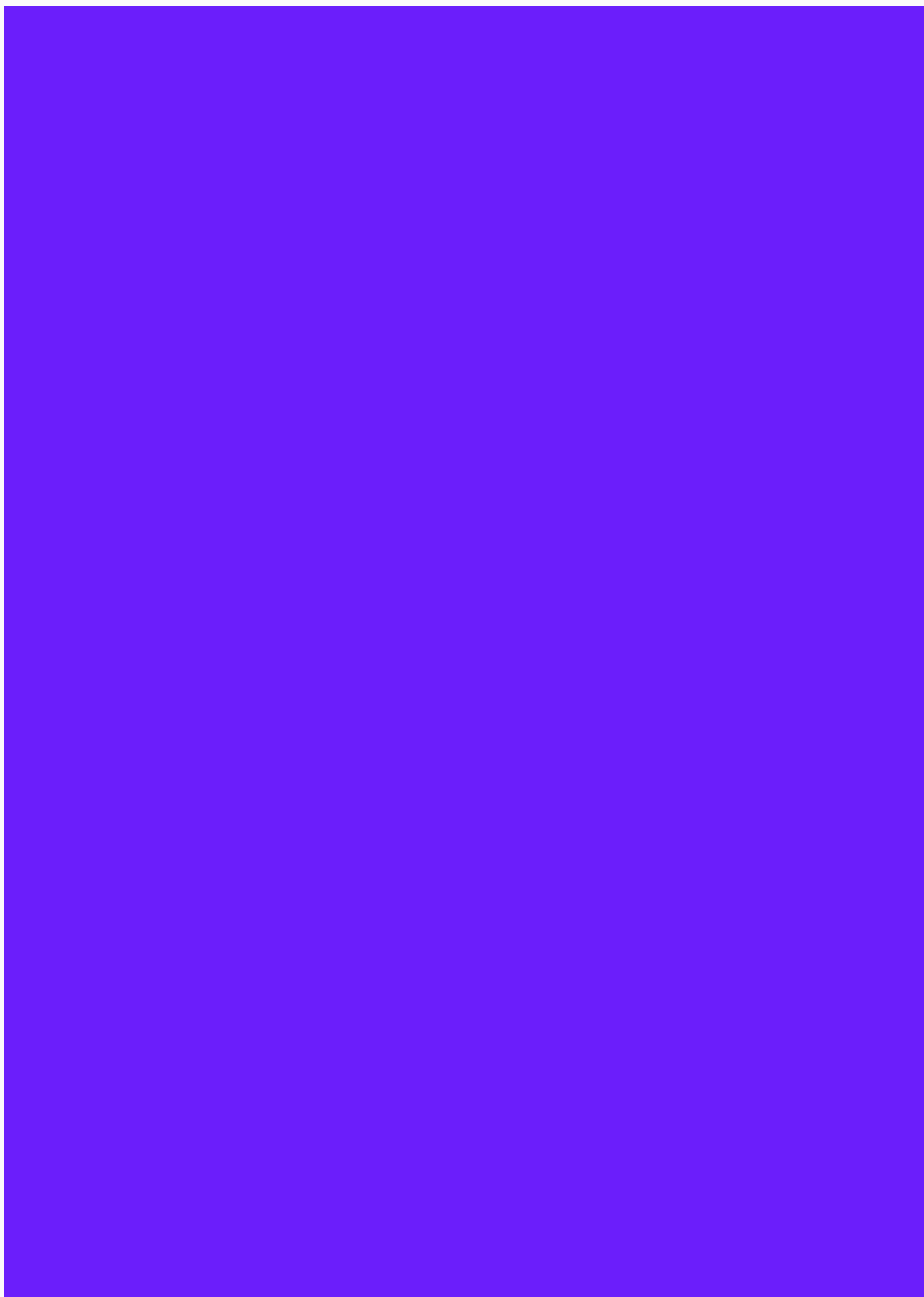


















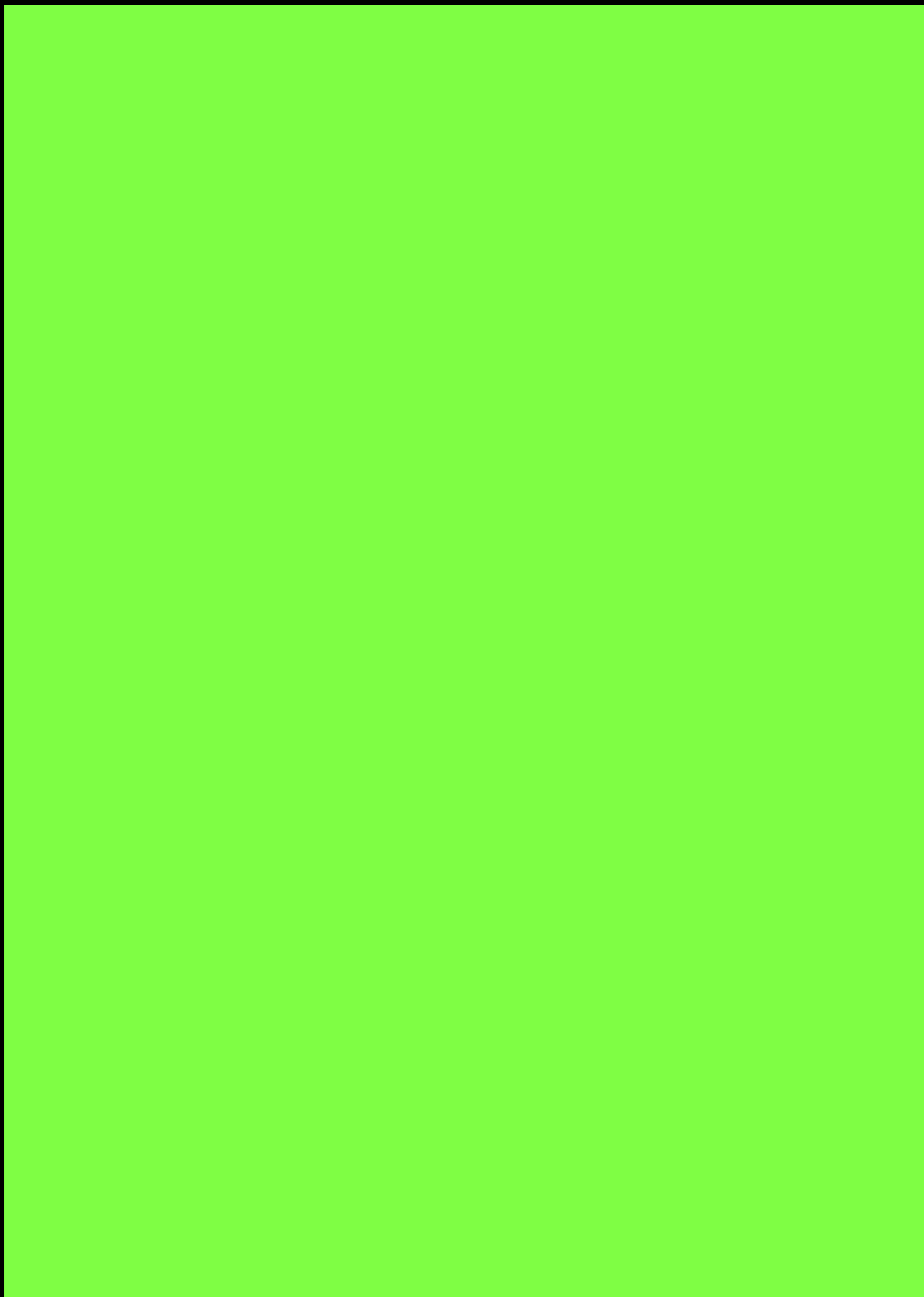








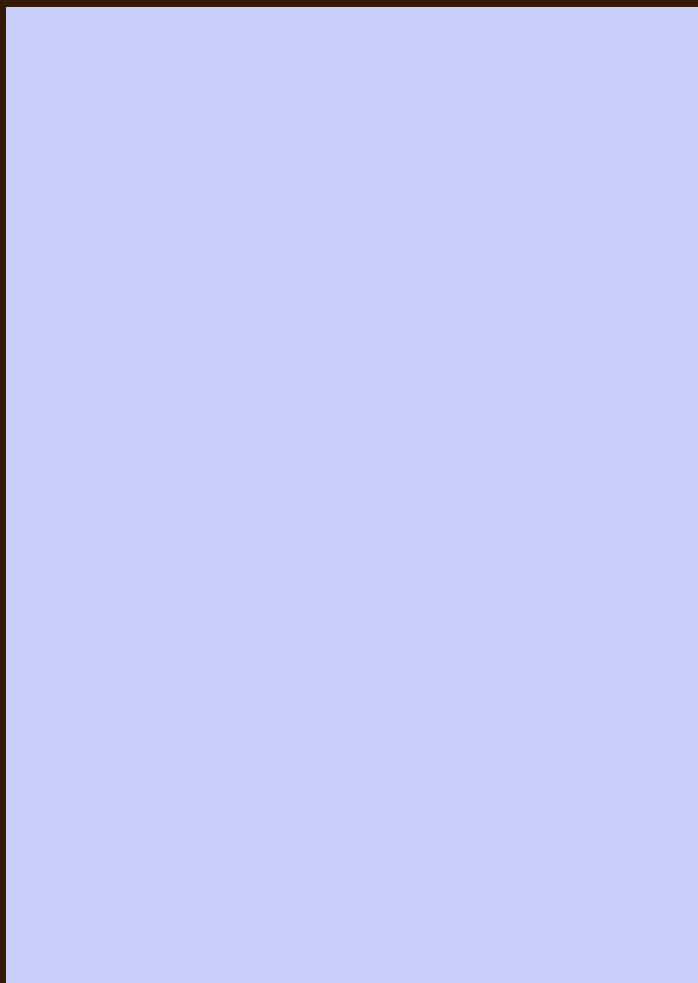




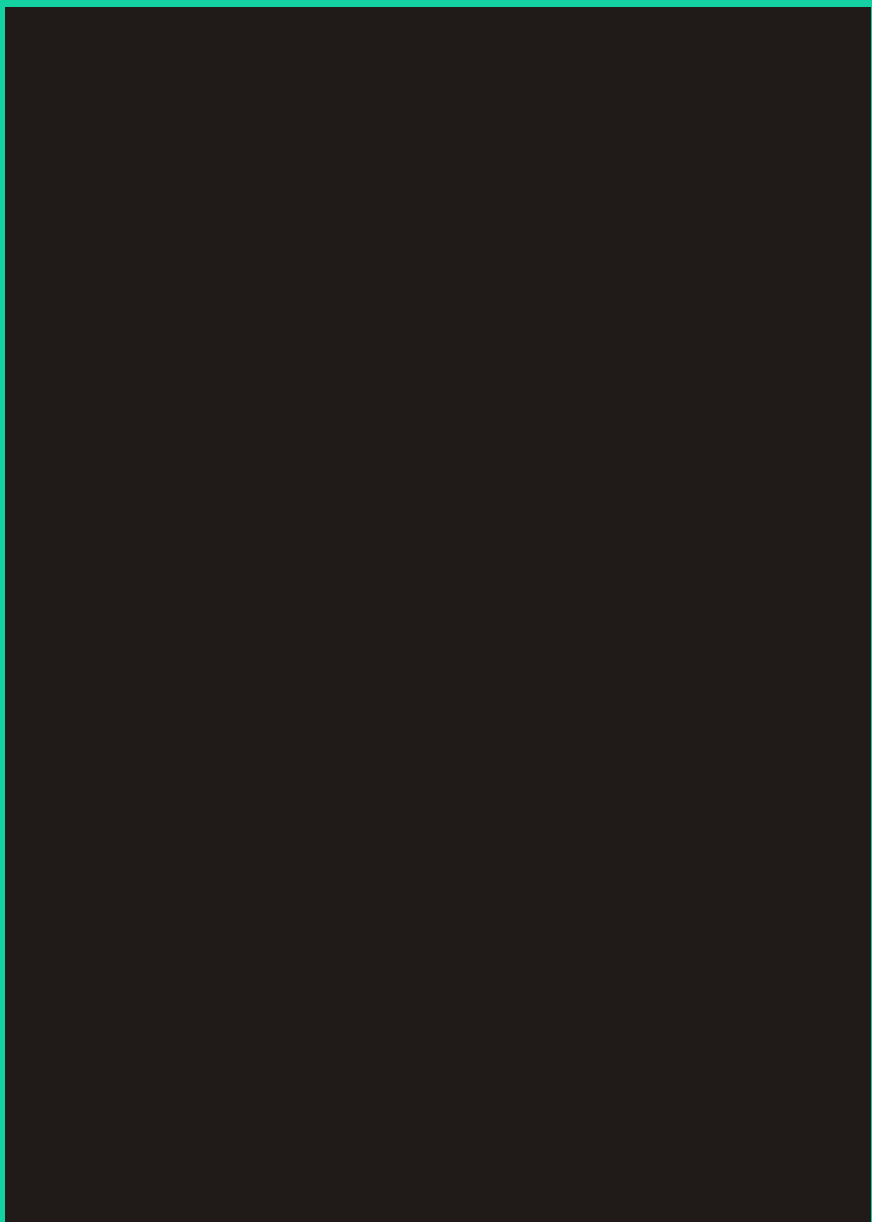














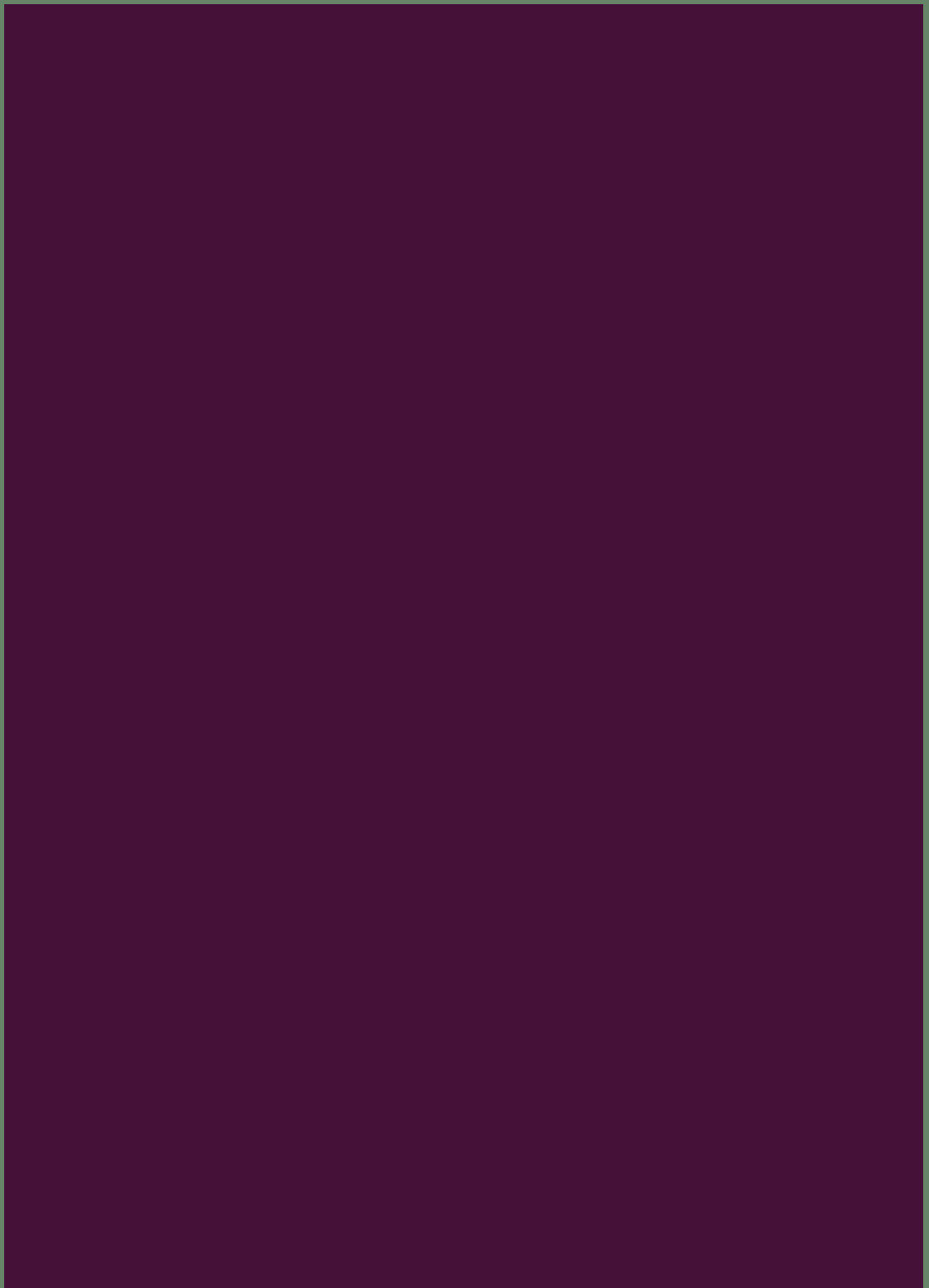
















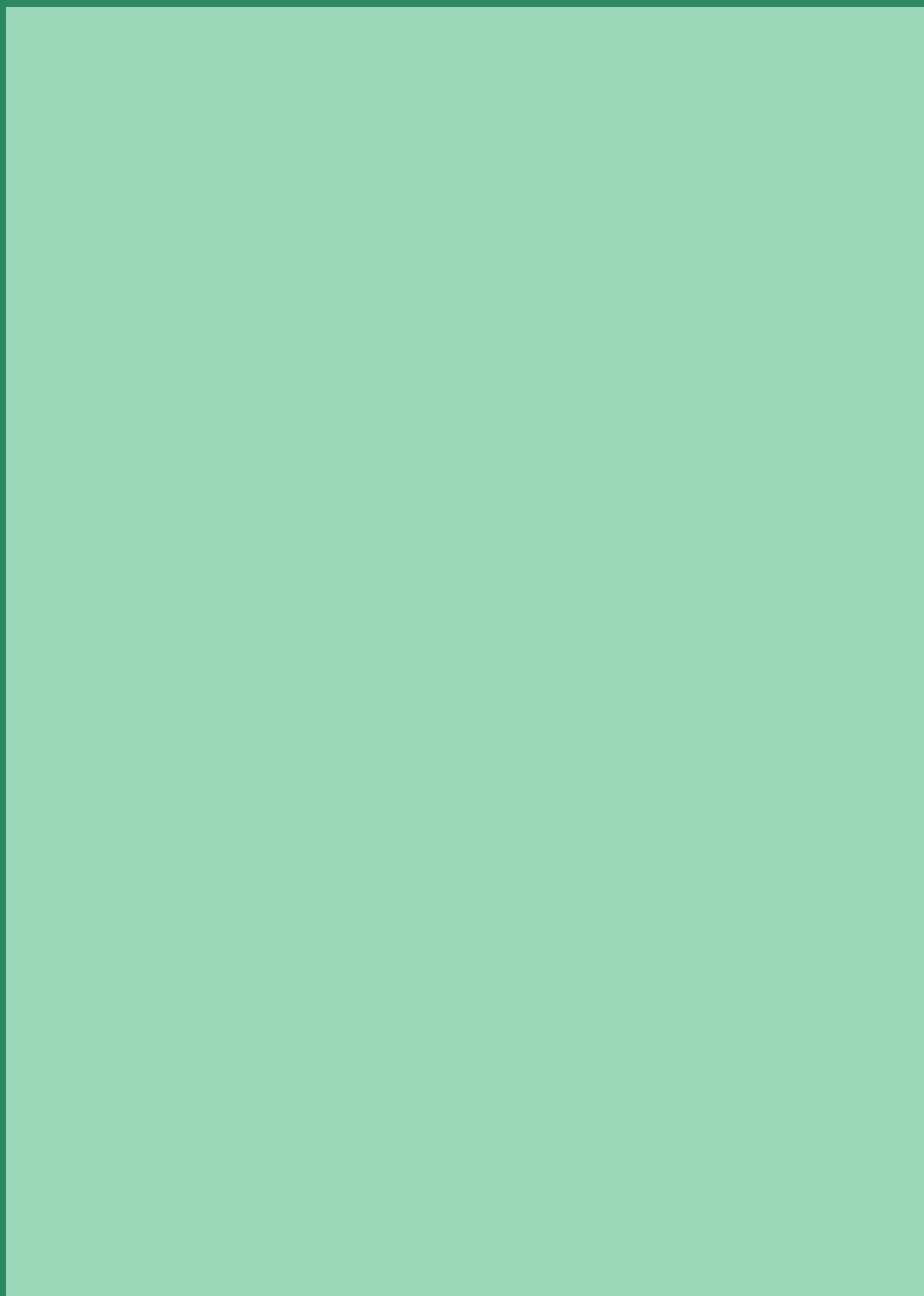


































This book is an experiment in colour and ratio. All colours are generated at random. The margins around each rectangle are generated at random as well, but they follow the rules of classic book layout, as described by Jan Tschichold. A visual explanation of this layout can be found on page 37 and 38.

This book was generated on July the 21st, 2016. It's part of a large series of generated books, prints and webpages that investigate colour, form and ratio.

<http://vasilis.nl/random/>