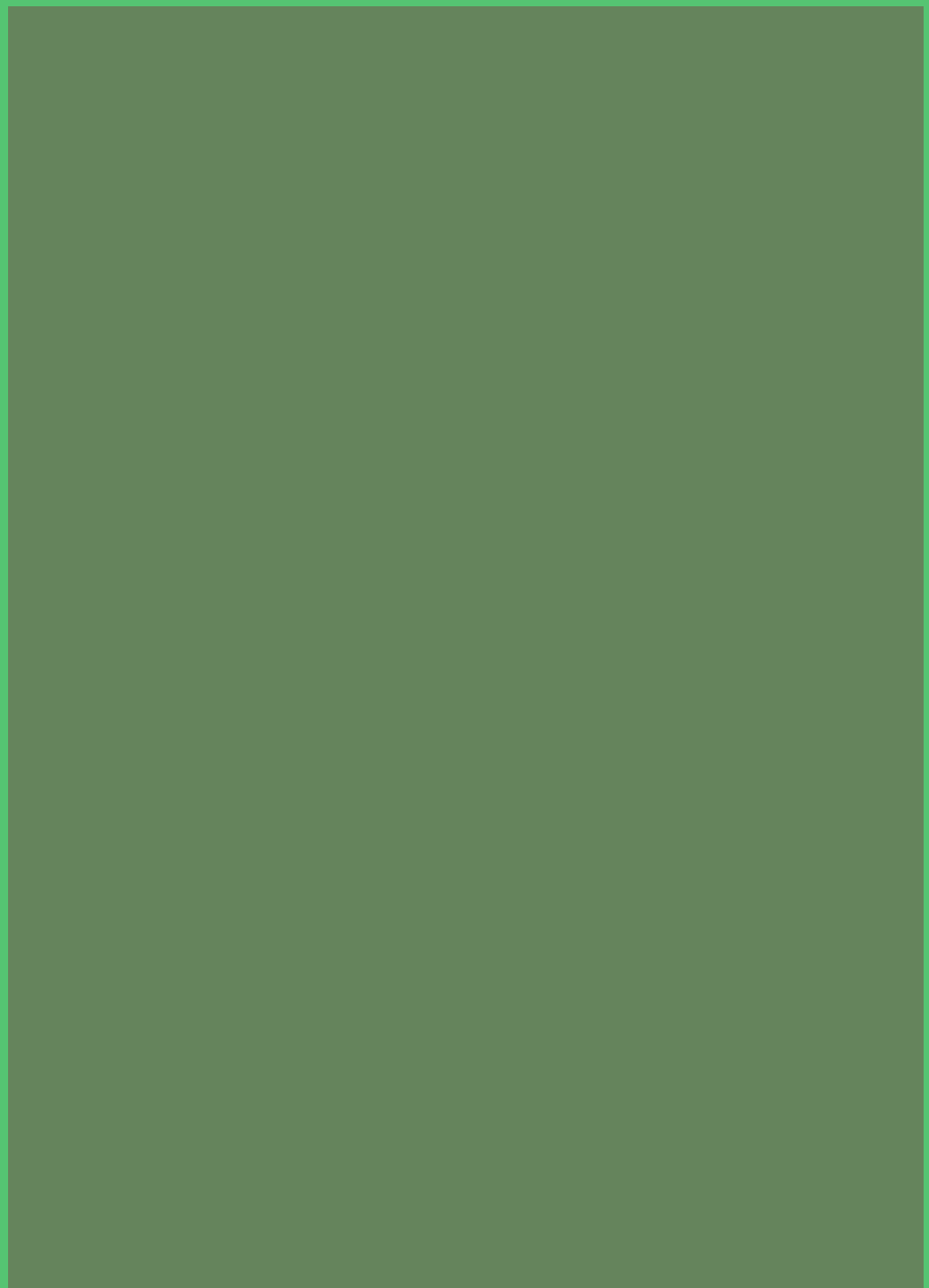
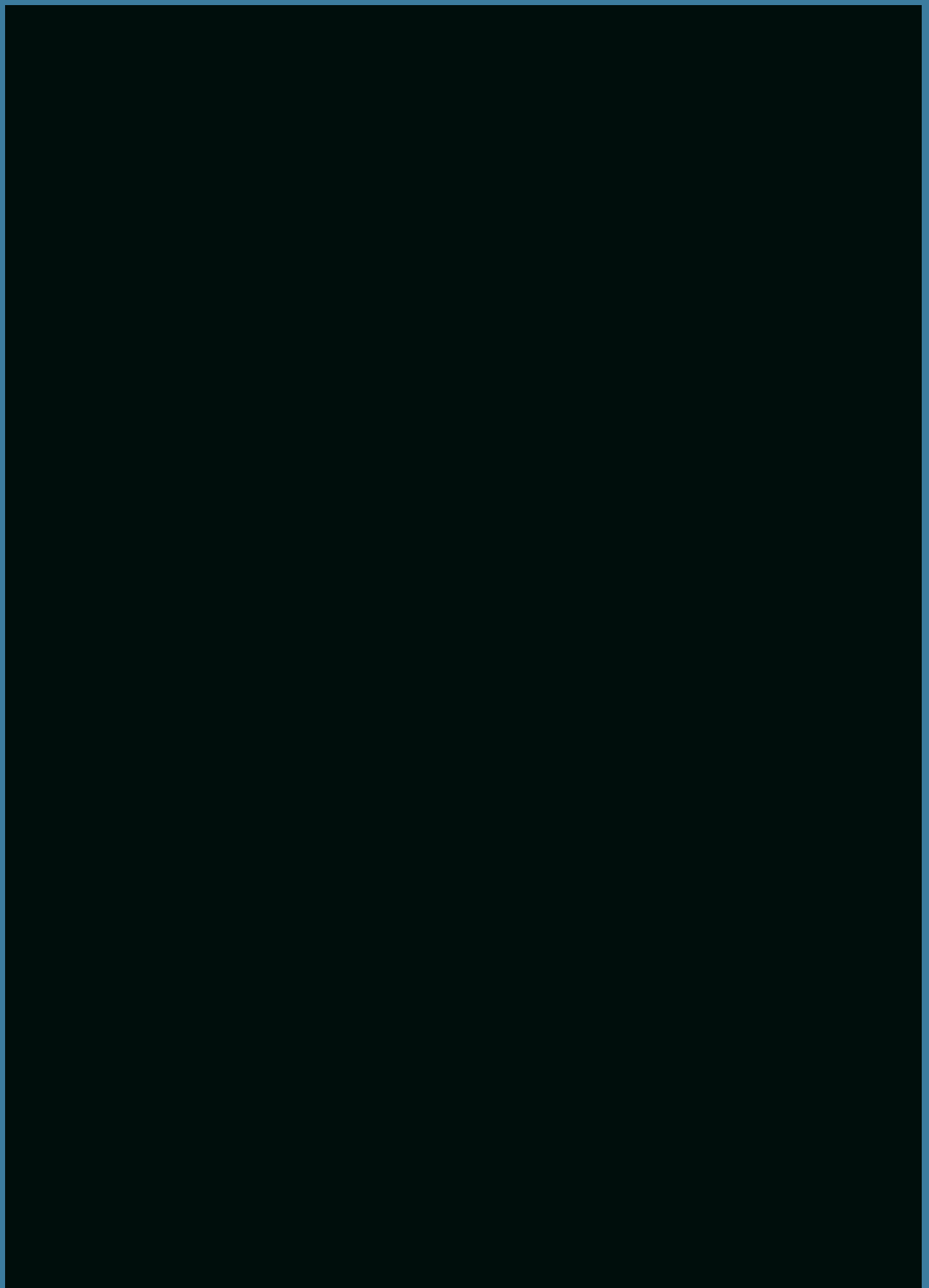


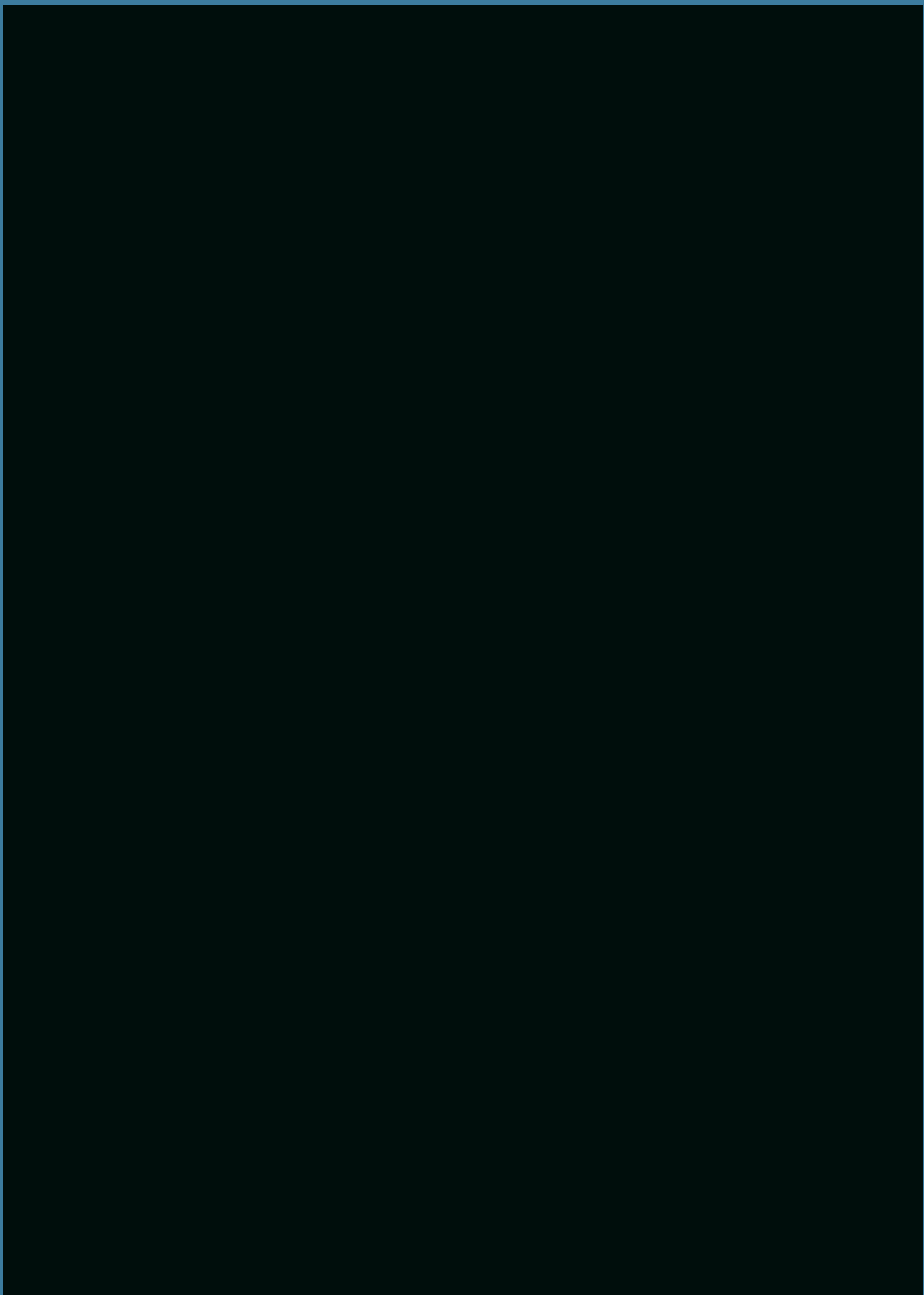
Tschichold in Colour

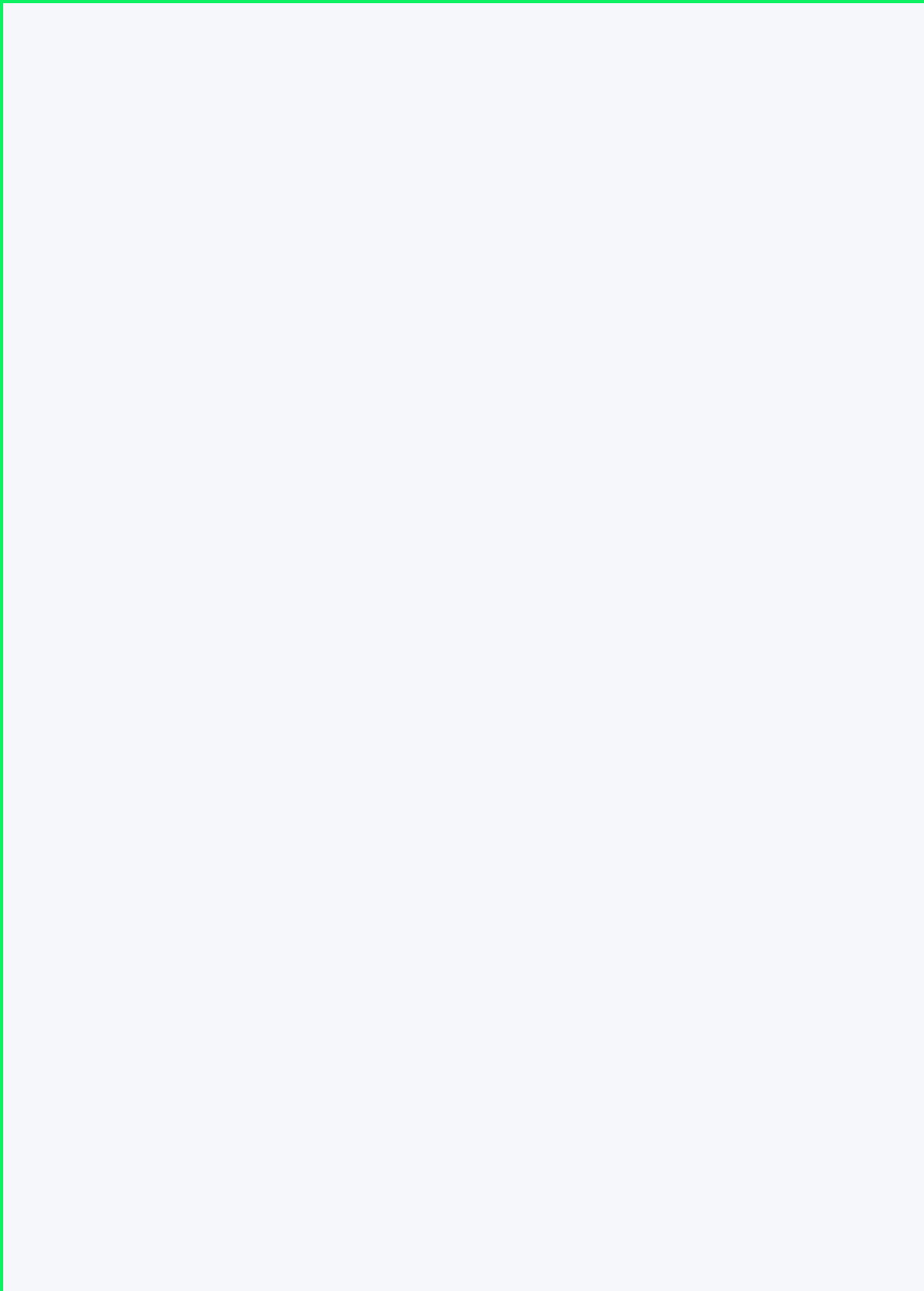
June the 9th, 2016 — Vasilis van Gemert



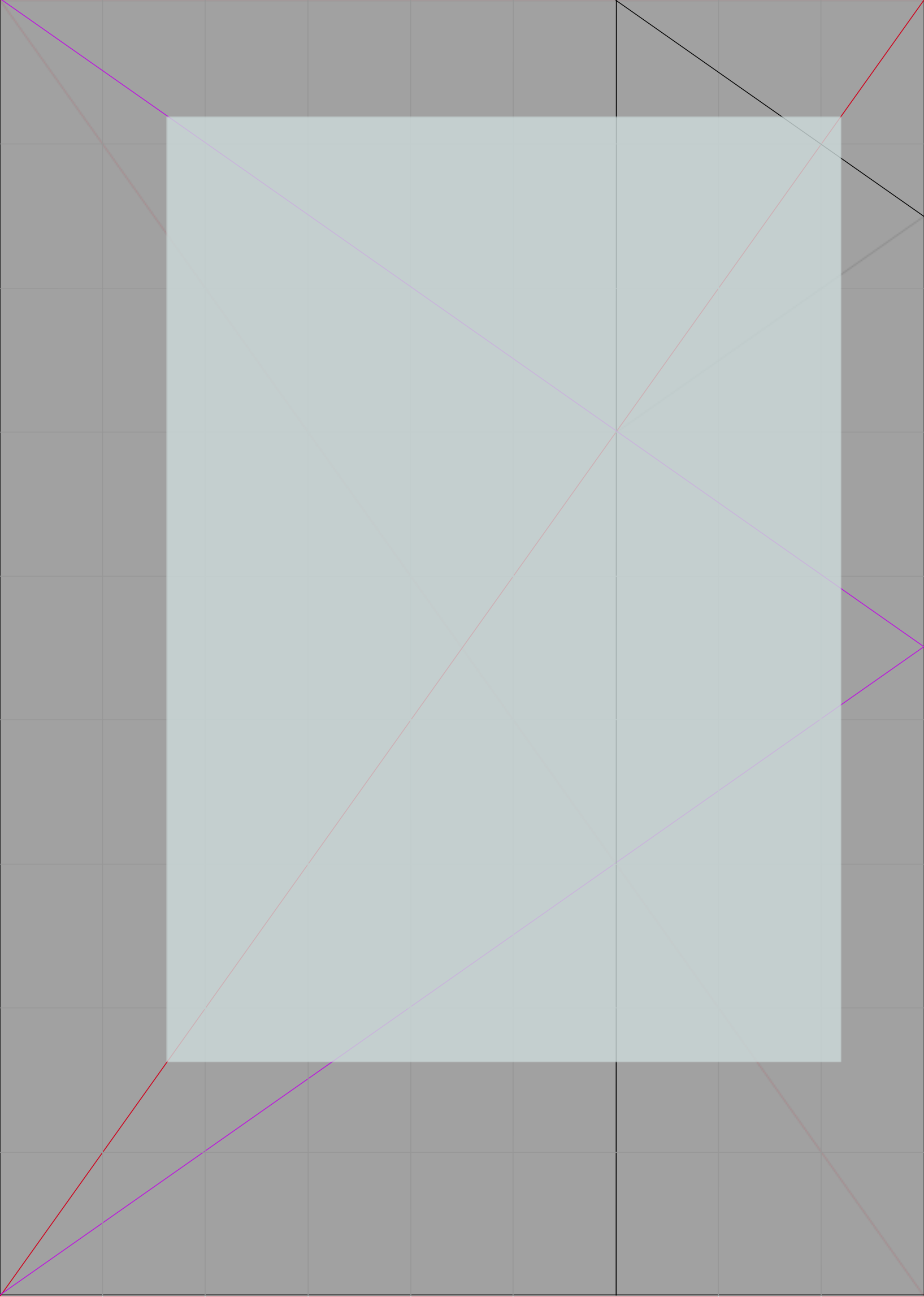


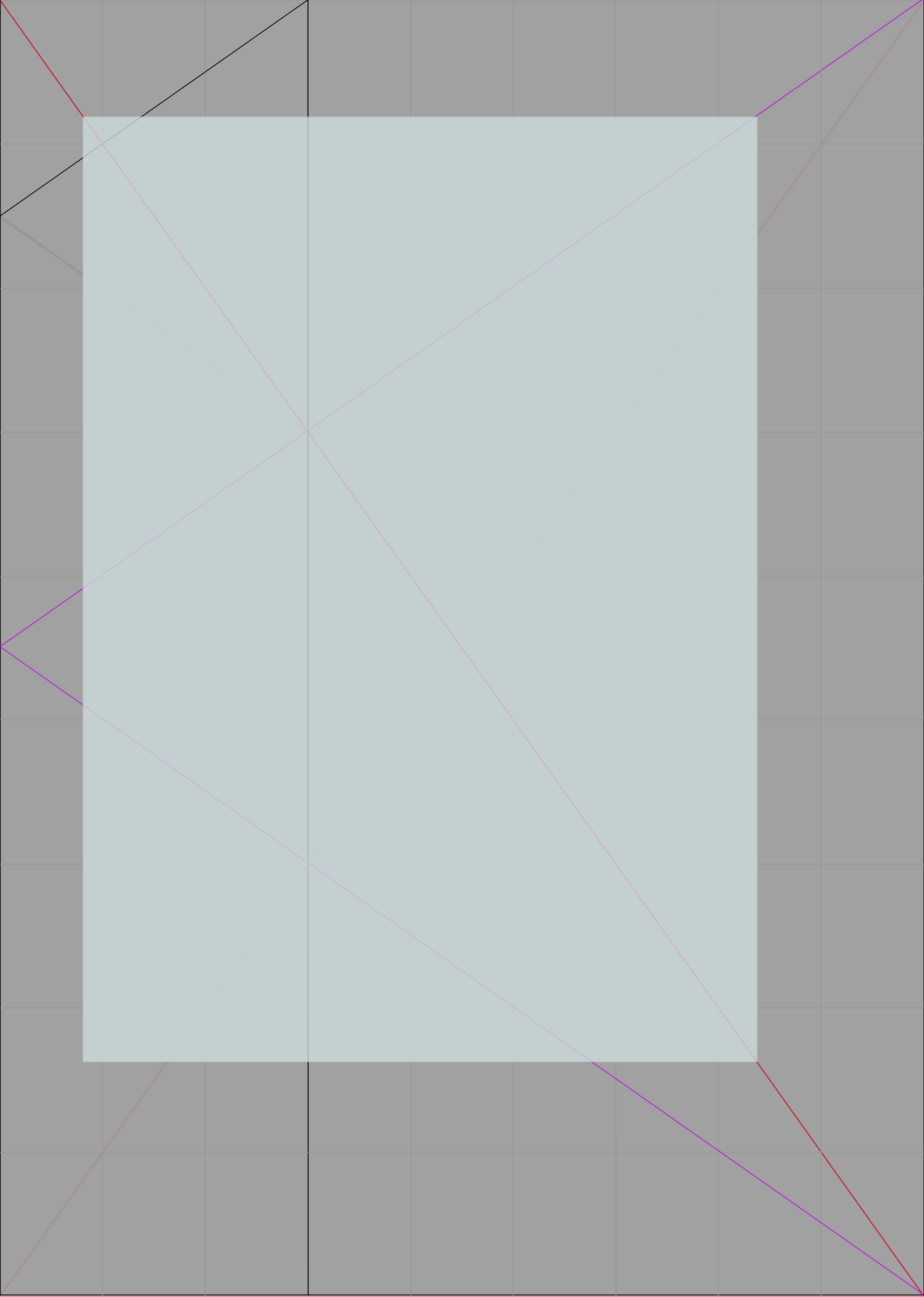


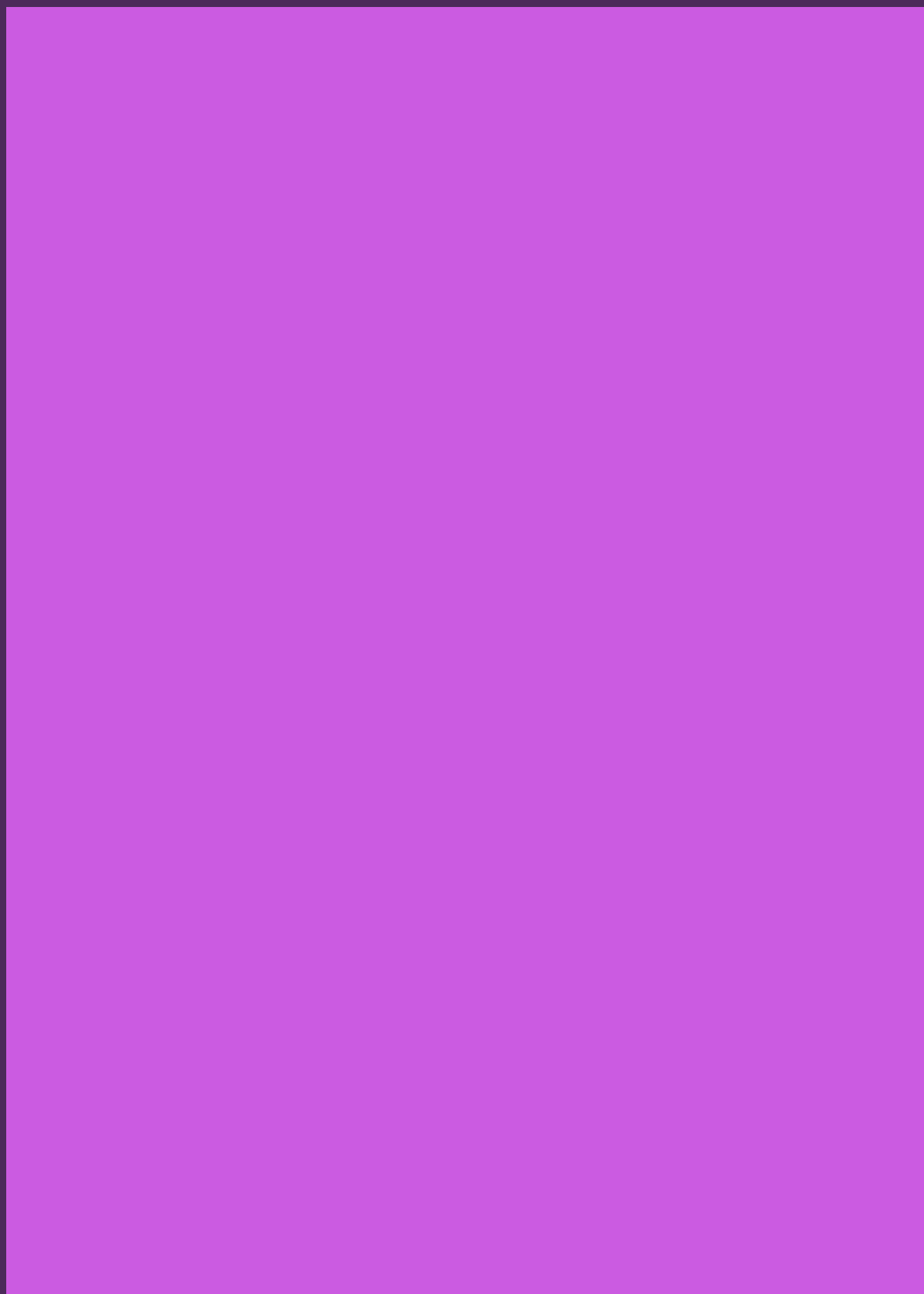


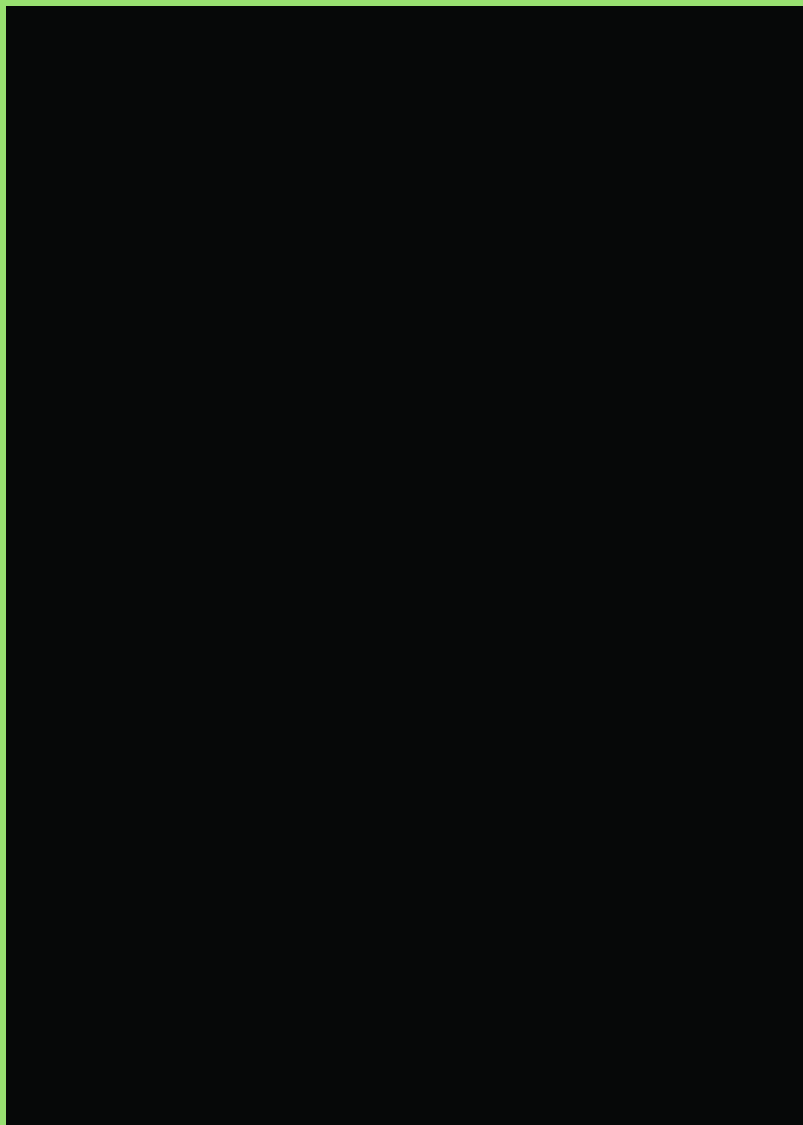


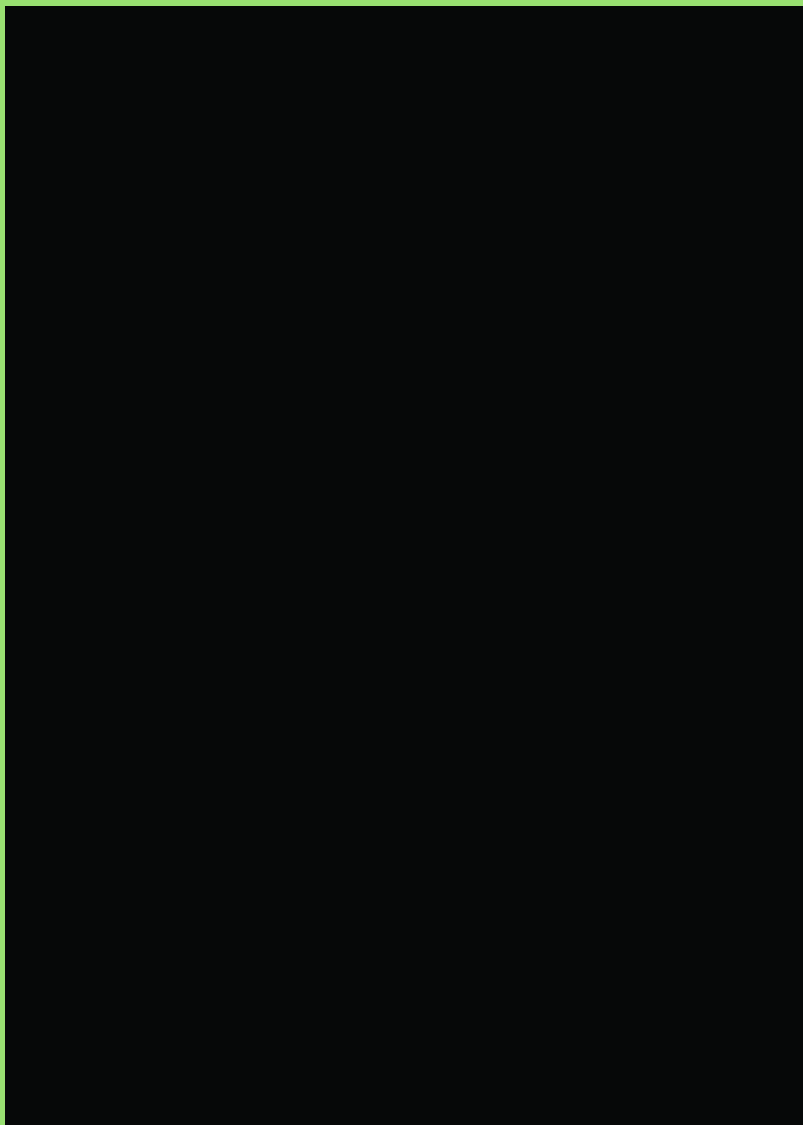


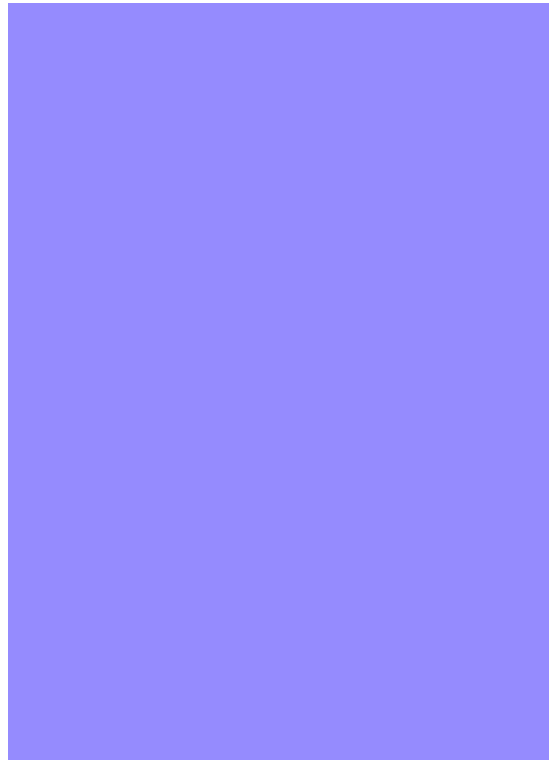


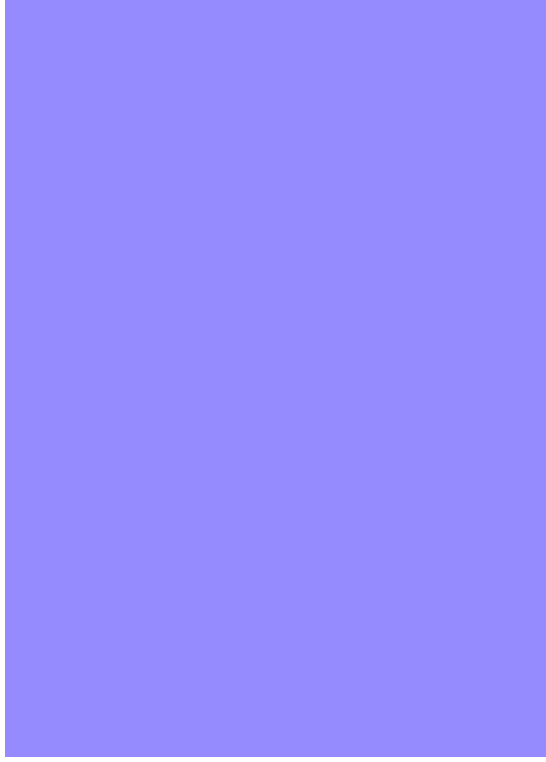


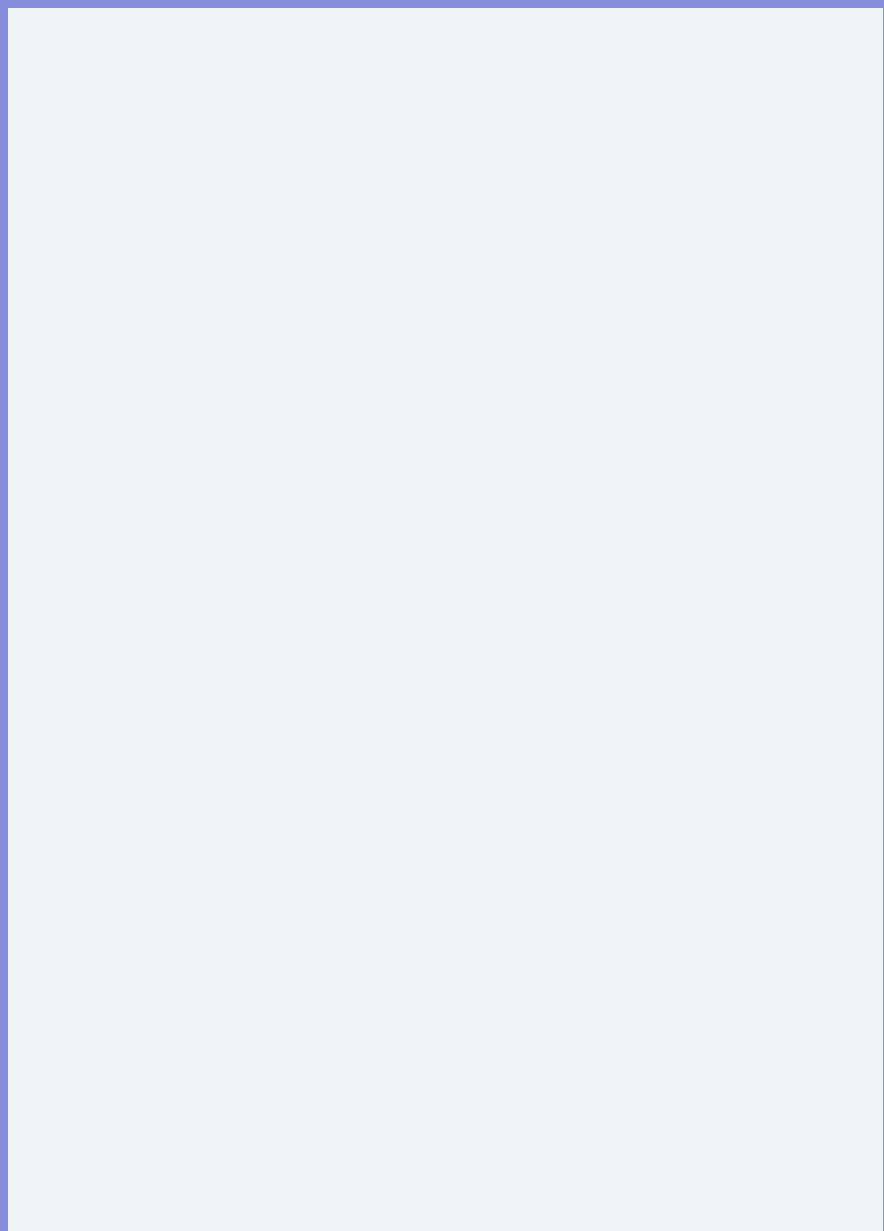


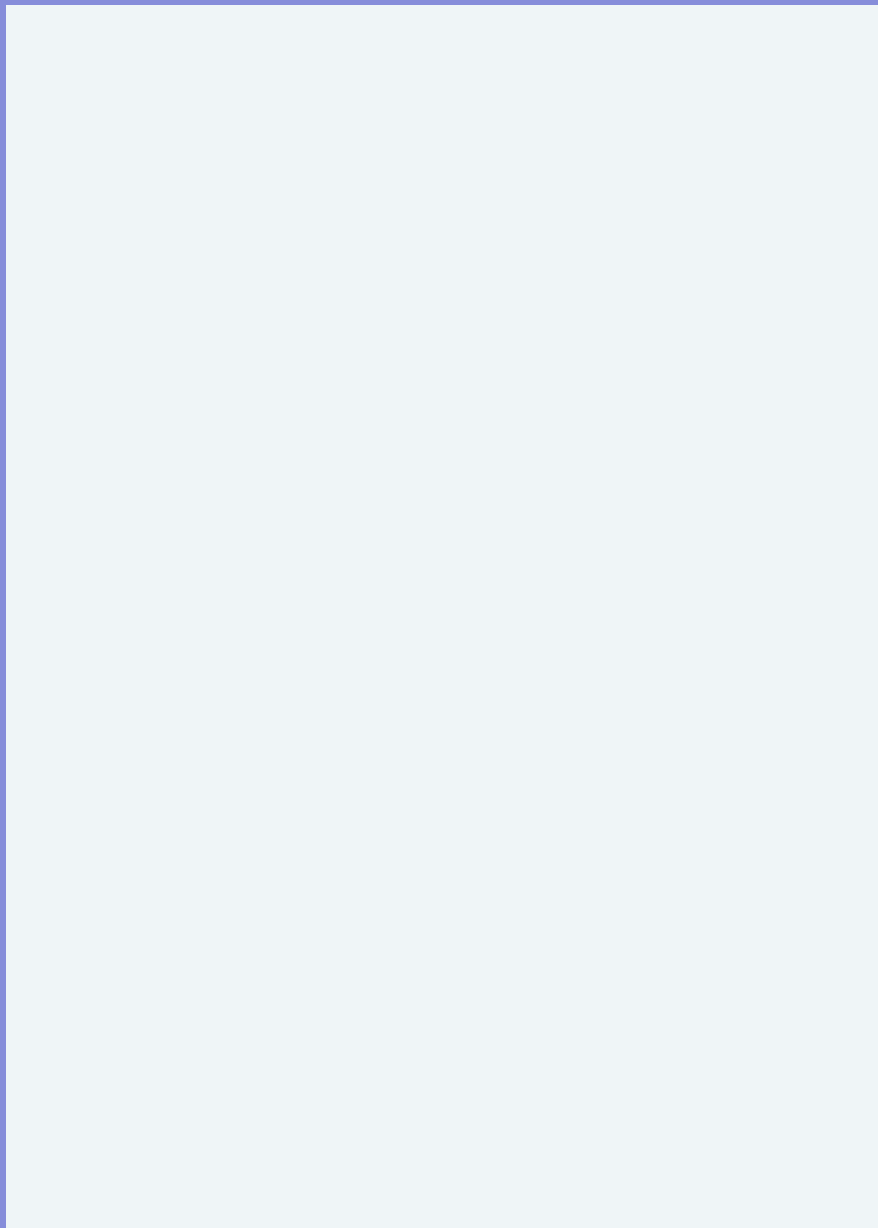


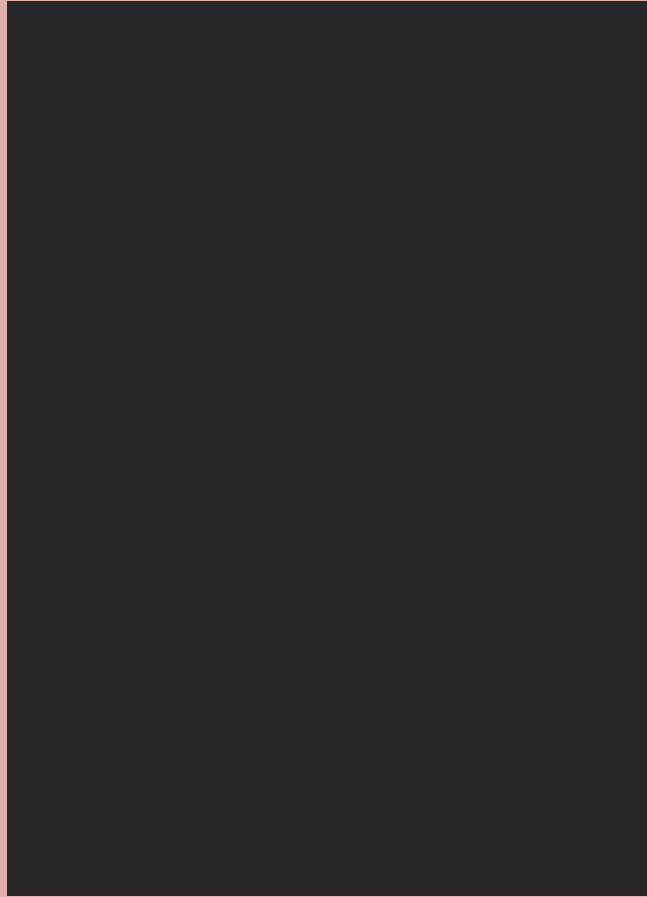




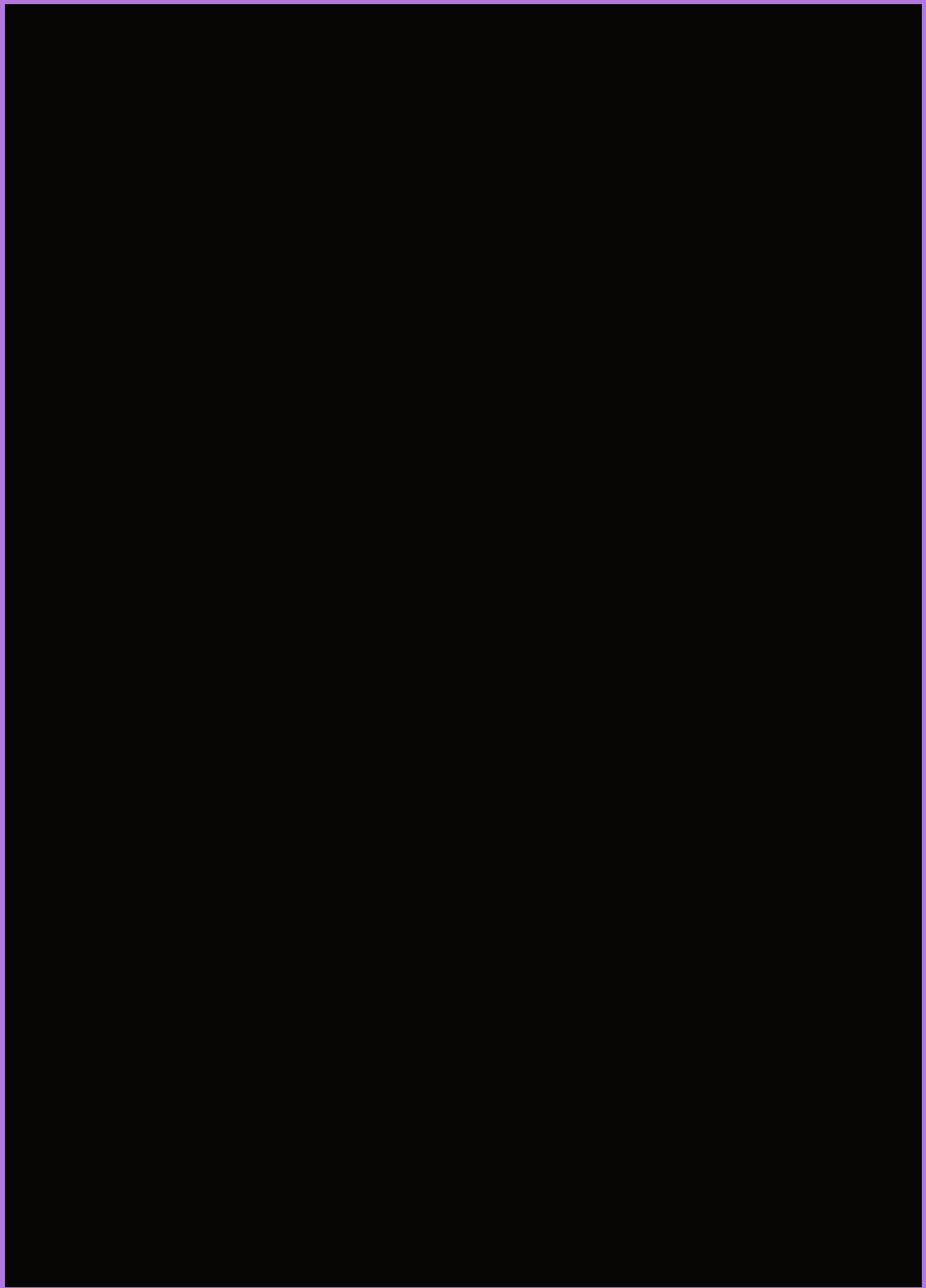




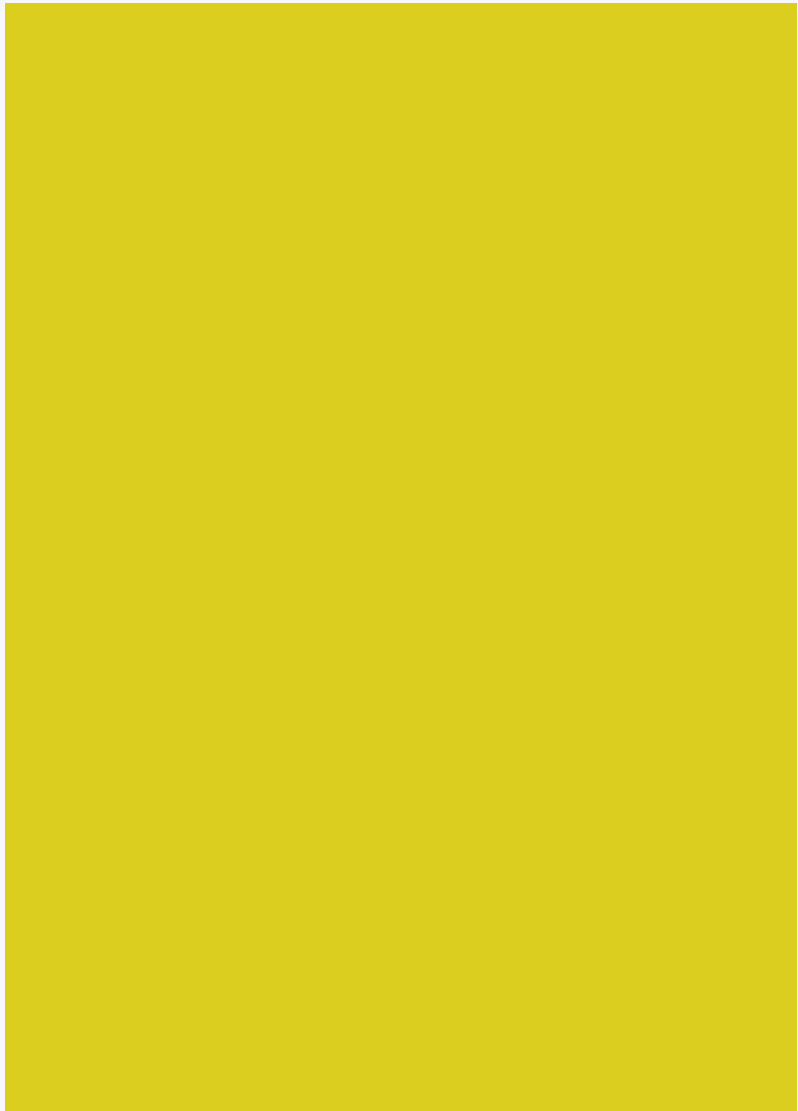














the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased from 10.5 million to 13.5 million (13.5% of the population).

There are a number of reasons for this increase. One of the main reasons is the growth of the public sector. The public sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The public sector is now the largest employer in the UK. The main reason for this increase is the growth of the public sector. The public sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The public sector is now the largest employer in the UK.

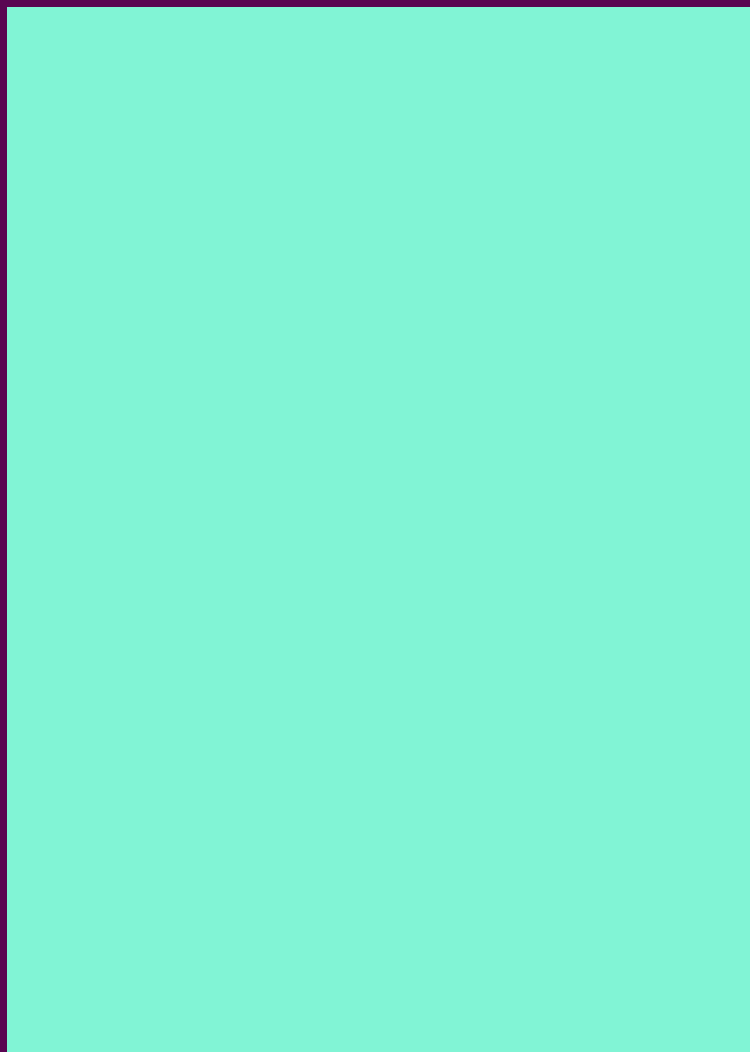
Another reason for the increase is the growth of the private sector. The private sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The private sector is now the largest employer in the UK. The main reason for this increase is the growth of the private sector. The private sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The private sector is now the largest employer in the UK.

A third reason for the increase is the growth of the voluntary sector. The voluntary sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The voluntary sector is now the largest employer in the UK. The main reason for this increase is the growth of the voluntary sector. The voluntary sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The voluntary sector is now the largest employer in the UK.

A fourth reason for the increase is the growth of the self-employed sector. The self-employed sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The self-employed sector is now the largest employer in the UK. The main reason for this increase is the growth of the self-employed sector. The self-employed sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The self-employed sector is now the largest employer in the UK.

A fifth reason for the increase is the growth of the part-time sector. The part-time sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The part-time sector is now the largest employer in the UK. The main reason for this increase is the growth of the part-time sector. The part-time sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The part-time sector is now the largest employer in the UK.

A sixth reason for the increase is the growth of the temporary sector. The temporary sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The temporary sector is now the largest employer in the UK. The main reason for this increase is the growth of the temporary sector. The temporary sector has grown from 10.5 million in 1990 to 13.5 million in 2000. This is a 29% increase. The temporary sector is now the largest employer in the UK.

















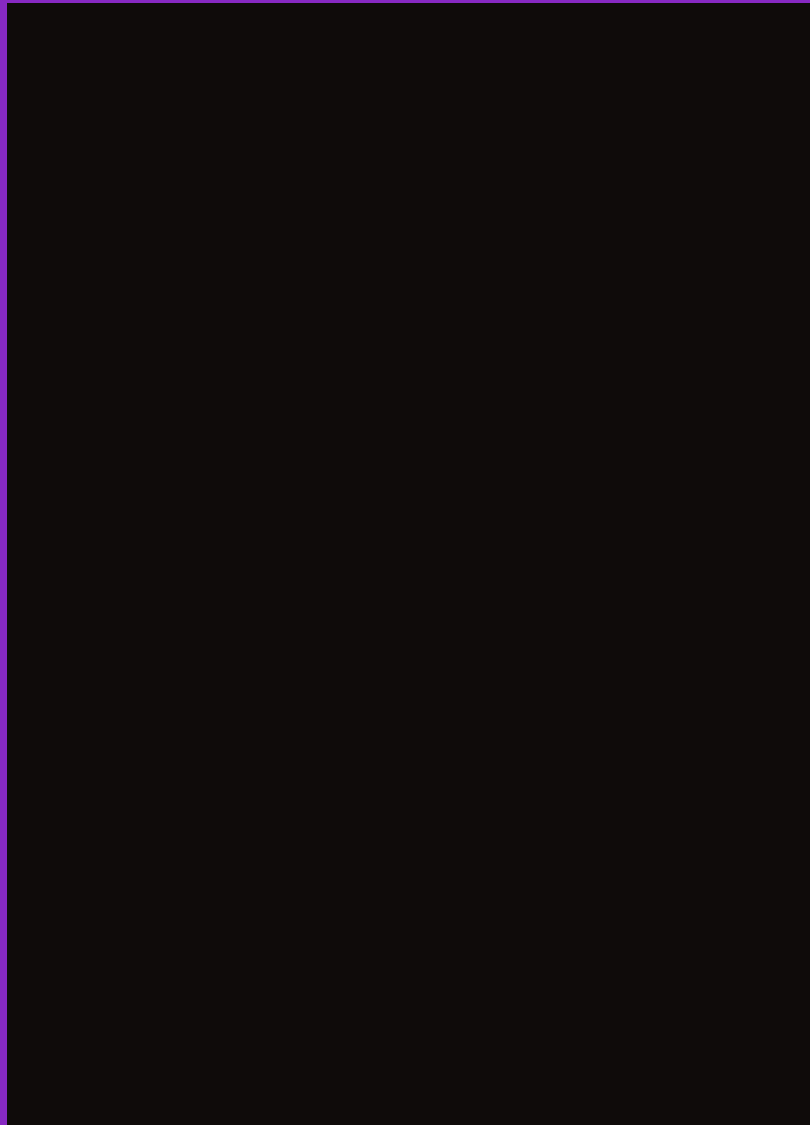




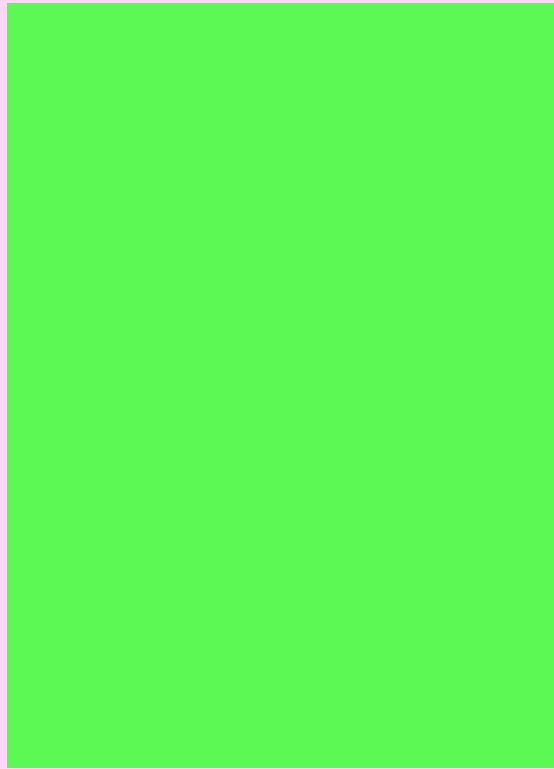


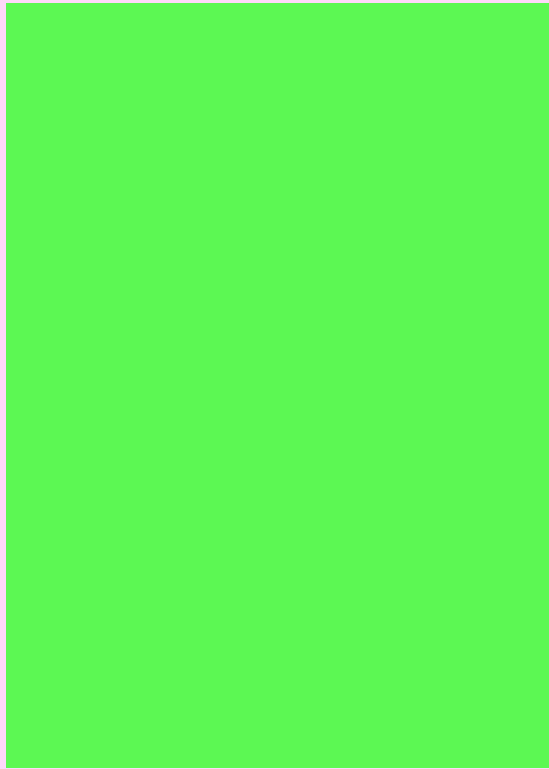


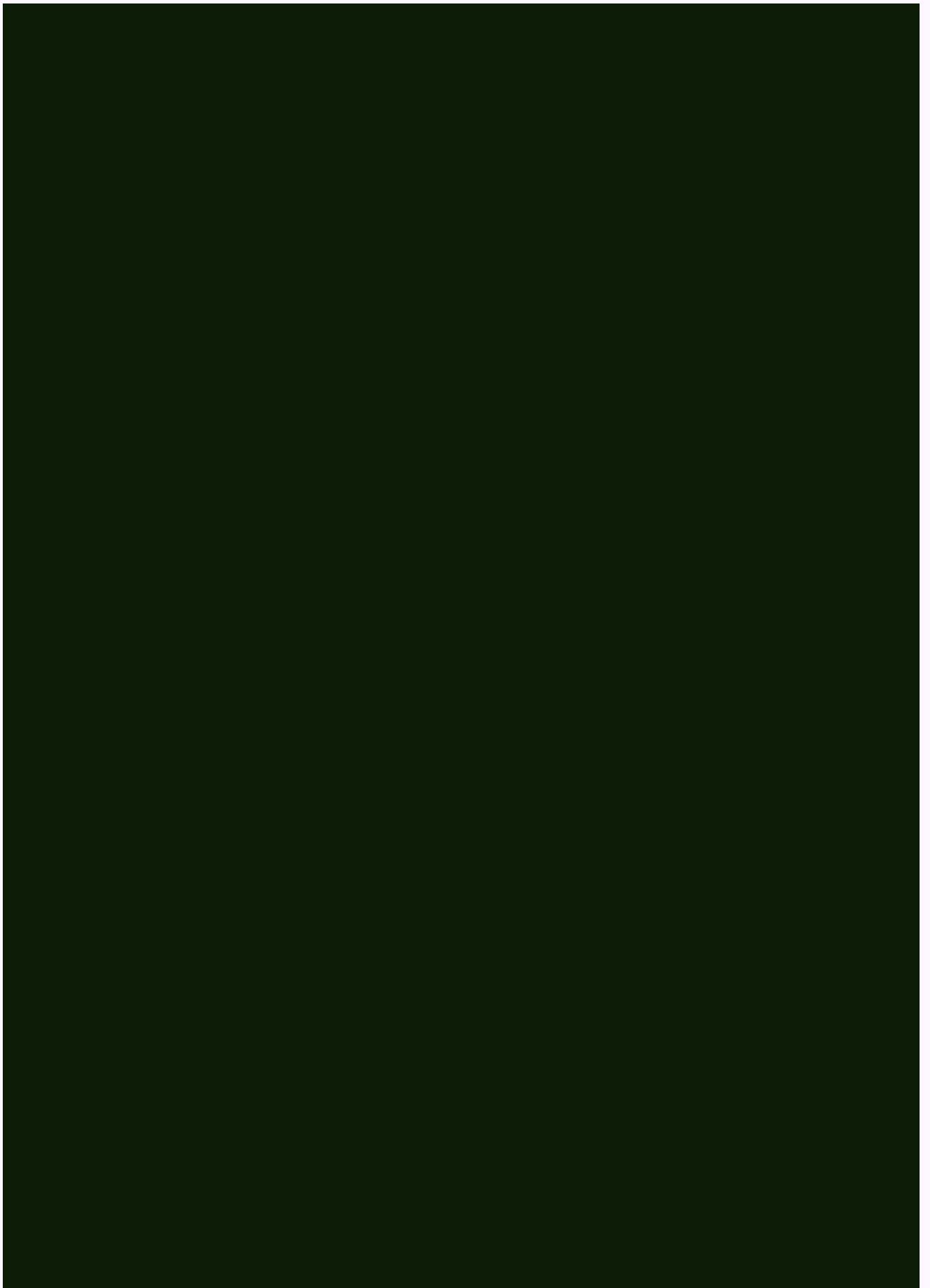


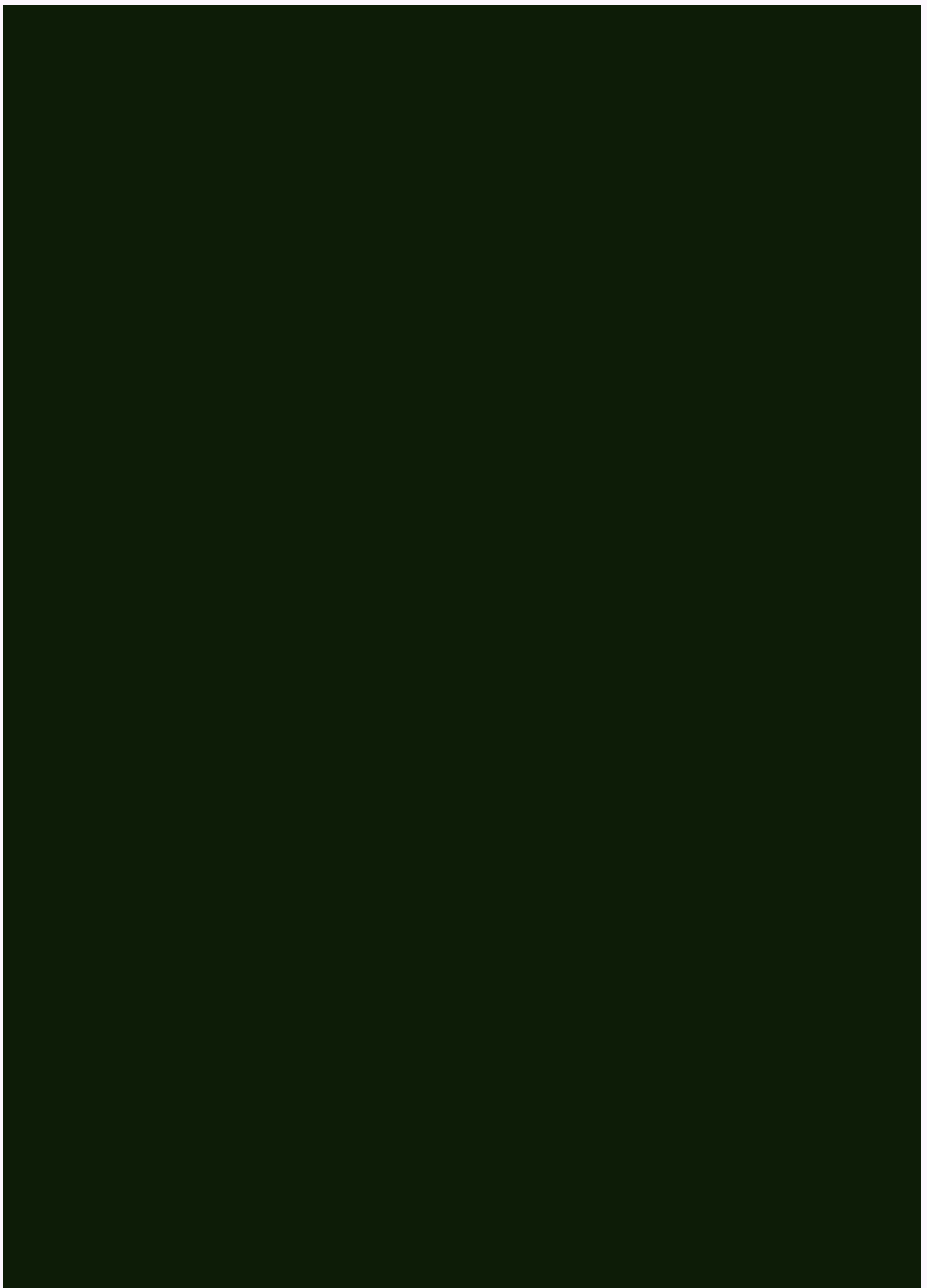


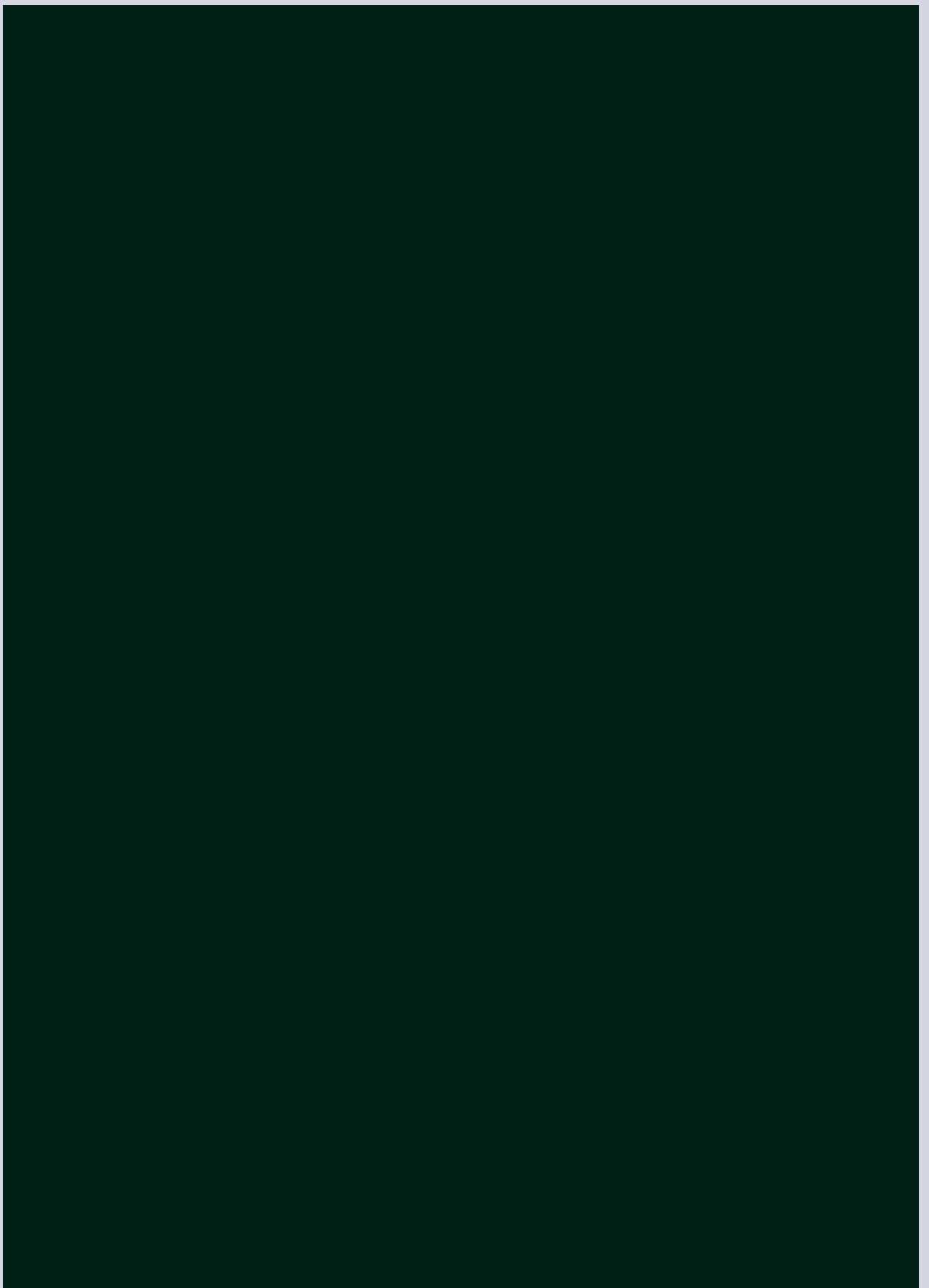


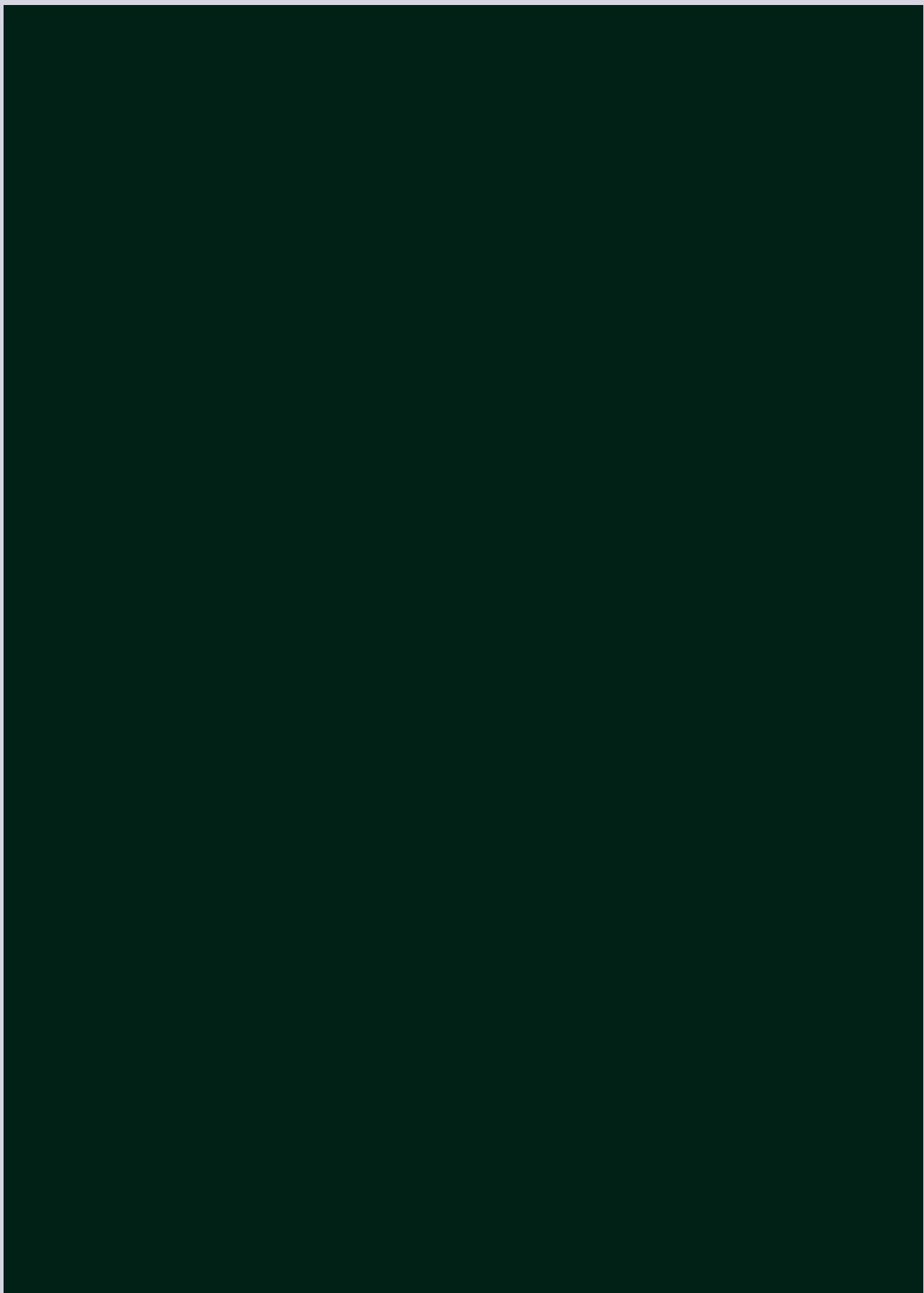






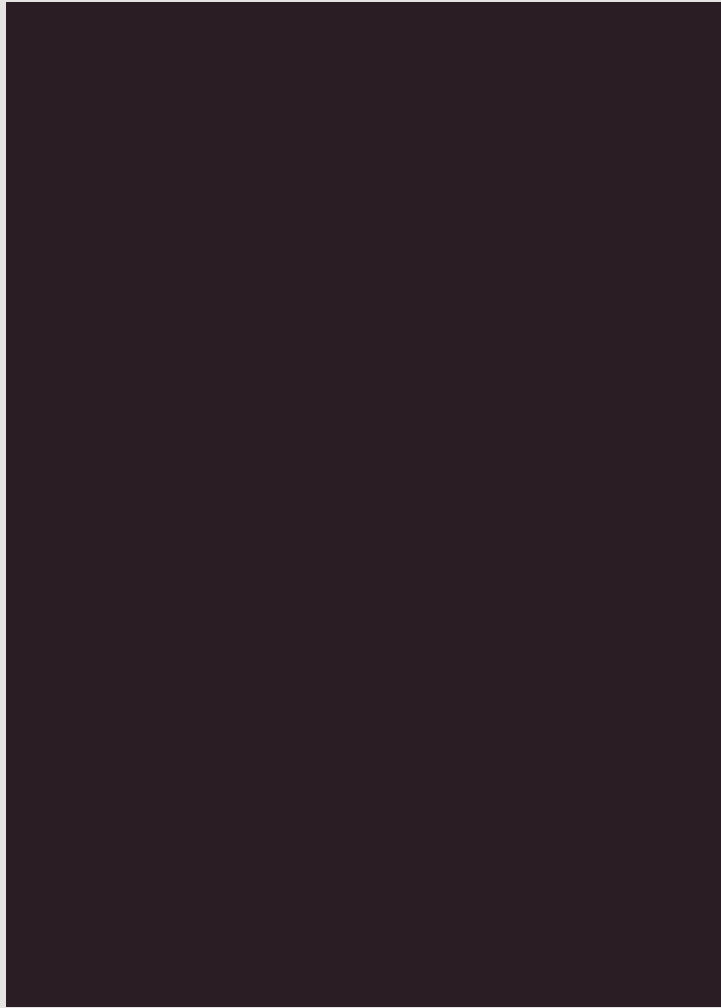




















the 1990s, the number of people with diabetes has increased in all industrialized countries. In the Netherlands, the prevalence of diabetes is 6.5% (1). The prevalence of diabetes is expected to increase to 10% by the year 2010 (2).

Diabetes is a chronic disease with a high prevalence. The prevalence of diabetes is high because of the high incidence of diabetes. The incidence of diabetes is high because of the high prevalence of diabetes. The prevalence of diabetes is high because of the high incidence of diabetes. The incidence of diabetes is high because of the high prevalence of diabetes.

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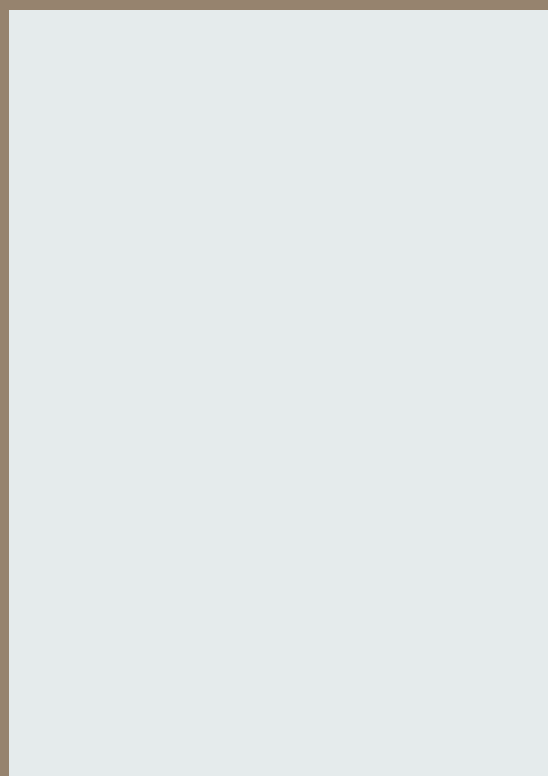
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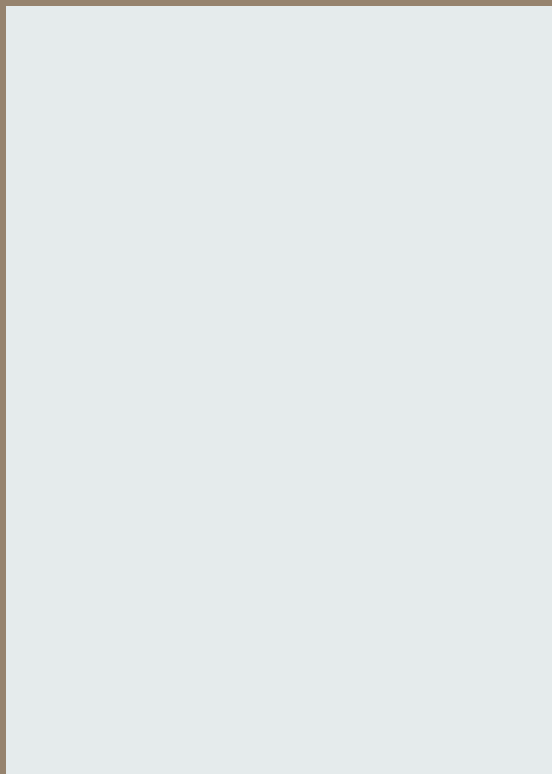
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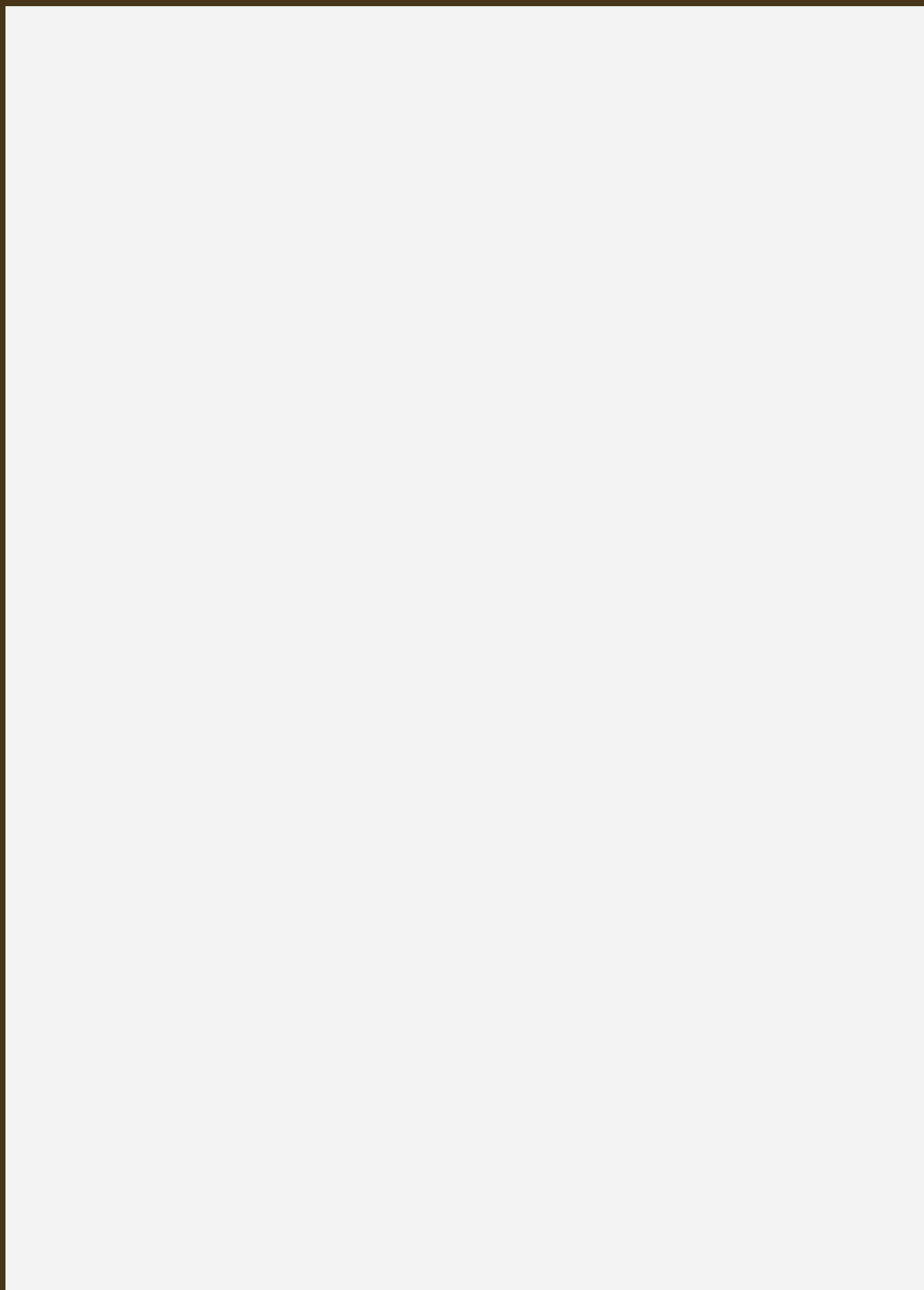












This book is an experiment in colour and ratio. All colours are generated at random. The margins around each rectangle are generated at random as well, but they follow the rules of classic book layout, as described by Jan Tschichold. A visual explanation of this layout can be found on page 9 and 10.

This book was generated on June the 9th, 2016. It's part of a large series of generated books, prints and webpages that investigate colour, form and ratio.

<http://vasilis.nl/random/>